TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

"Cleanliness
Is next to Godliness," and good soaps are the best missionaries. Our stock of soaps consists of the best varieties from the most noted makers.
C. E. JONES . . 36 Govt. St.
Always Open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1894. No. 268

This Time
Its Clocks

In Marble, Onyx, Nickle, Gilt, Etc., the very latest things in the market; Traveling Clocks, Mantle and Ladies' Boudoir Clocks. For all who visit our clock sale we have bargains, for those who don't we have sympathy.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
47 Government Street.

The Westside.
70 GOVERNMENT STREET. VICTORIA

Ladies who make purchases in our Cloak Department have the gratifying confidence and feeling that the Style is in strict accordance with the Fashionable and Refined Taste prevailing at the present time. Excellence of Style and Good Value is our motto.

HEINRICH DOWE, a German, invented a process that renders cloth bullet proof. So perfect is his invention that he has actually stood up dressed in a uniform of this wonderful cloth and been shot at without injury.

We do not claim that our Waterproof Ulsters with Golf Capes to be bullet proof, but we do claim that while porous they are impervious to rain, and that's what's wanted for months to come.

All our New Capes, Jackets, Rain and Waterproof Garments fit well, look well and give such satisfaction that customers are sure to come again. That's how our business has been built.

PRICES.—When you have compared prices you will find Spot Cash's quotations are the lowest in the city.

ISITWETENOUGHFORYOU?

If so, come and buy an Umbrella. Fifty dozen direct from the maker, just opened. A large assortment of Novelties in Ladies' Ivory, Plain and Mounted in Silver and Gold Plated. Prices range from 75 cents upward and satisfaction is guaranteed.

J HUTCHESON & CO.

C. H. STICKELS . . . .
ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . .
Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
But not express'd in fancy; rich not gaudy:
For the apparel oft' proclaims the man;—
SHAKESPEARE.

OUR SPECIALTIES
....Large Complete Stock
....Staff of Competent Workmen
....High Class Work
....Artistic Excellence in every
....detail.

A. GREGG & SON,
....Tailors, Yates Street.

Slippers.

The very latest and prettiest things in ball and party Slippers are at our store. We can surely suit you in quality and price.

KID---White.
SATIN---Pink, Blue, Lavender and Canary.

They are ornamented with colored steel bead work in open patterns.

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

ELECTIONS IN THE STATES

Democrats Claim to be Holding Their Own in the Empire State.

Large Vote Being Polled in California and Other States—Quietness Rules.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—Throughout the length and breadth of the land the campaign has closed and all things considered to-day will see one of the most interesting days for an "off" year in the history of American politics. Although nominally state elections fought out on state issues, to-day's returns from each and every state and territory in the union will be regarded as an infallible index to the pulse of the nation upon a variety of questions affecting the aspect of national politics. In the cities the registration has been unusually large and the interest everywhere manifested resembles that of a presidential election more closely than any preceding contest of the kind in history. In many states new issues are commanding the people's thought, and it is felt that on the results of the contest depends in many western states at least the future of the new party.

The elections are general in all the states and territories of the union with the exception of Maine and Vermont, where the state elections, including those for members of Congress, were held in September. In nearly all of the states state officers are being chosen, and in many, notably in California and New York, important constitutional amendments are being voted upon. Three hundred and fifty-six members of the House of Representatives to sit in the next congress, beginning December 3, 1895, will be elected as well as one delegate from each of the territories of Arizona, Oklahoma and Utah.

It is a noticeable fact that there is less fusion this year than usual and the number of third and fourth party candidates is unusually large. In every state but Tennessee there are three or more tickets. In that state the Republicans and Democrats have the field all to themselves. In many of the Western States where there was fusion last fall each party is going it alone. The People's Party has nominated full tickets in every Western state and most of the Middle and Southern States as well. In the South the Republicans have endorsed the People's Party candidates in some instances, and in South Carolina have made no nominations at all. In Nevada the silver men have nominated a straight ticket. The Prohibitionists are in the field as in former years, having put up state tickets in every state but Nevada and Tennessee.

Not the least important feature of the contest at the polls is the fact that in many of the states the legislatures elected will choose United States senators to succeed those whose terms have expired or to fill vacancies. The list of retiring senators is as follows: John T. Morgan of Alabama, James H. Berry of Arkansas, George C. Perkins of California, Edward O. Wolcott of California, Anthony Higgins of Delaware, Patrick Walsh of Georgia, George L. Shoup of Idaho, Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois, G. F. Wilson of Iowa, John Martin of Kansas, William Lindsay of Kentucky, William P. Frye of Maine, George F. Hoar of Massachusetts, James McMillan of Michigan, William D. Washburn of Minnesota, Thomas C. Powers of Montana, Charles F. Manderson of Nebraska, William E. Chandler of New Hampshire, John R. McPherson of New Jersey, Matt W. Ransom of North Carolina, Joseph N. Dolph of Oregon, Nathan F. Dixon of Rhode Island, Mathew C. Butler of South Carolina, Richard F. Pettigrew of South Dakota, Isham G. Harris of Tennessee, Richard Coke of Texas, Eppa Hunton of Virginia, Johnson M. Camden of West Virginia and Joseph M. Carey of Wyoming.

New York, Nov. 6.—Up to noon not the slightest disturbance was reported from any part of the country. There is, however, trouble in polling the votes. The great number of ballots is causing much confusion and delay. From present indications it will be difficult for two-thirds of teh voters of the city to vote before the closing of the polls. In some cases voters lose their votes altogether because they did not manipulate their ballots by the time prescribed by law. The Republicans are polling a heavy vote, and in some districts large gains are reported. The Democrats, however, claim they are holding their own.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—The weather in San Francisco is pleasant and crowds are assembling at the polls early. A very heavy vote will be polled. Dispatches from all sections of the state indicate that fine weather prevails and that the voting will be heavy.

C. E. Ayer, candidate of the People's party for assessor in this city, was shot at by an unknown man near his residence this morning. Ayer says he received an anonymous letter yesterday telling him to withdraw from the fight for the assessorship or he would suffer. The would-be murderer escaped. Ayer was not hurt.

Albany, Nov. 6.—Hill was at his law office all day. He is feeling hopeful.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 6.—Weather perfect; heavy vote being cast. Women actively working at polls.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 6.—It was stated to-day that twelve thousand Democrats would be disfranchised in this city because they had not, it is alleged, paid the state or county tax within two years. By this means the Republicans expect to get 18,000 majority in this city.

New York, Nov. 6.—A number of arrests were made in various parts of the city of people who tried to vote on fraudulent registration. In Brooklyn the Republicans claim [illegible]

Alliance, Ohio, Nov. 6.—Coxey for Congress is getting in a big vote in this city. The mining and granger votes are going solidly for him.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—Up to 11 o'clock the voting in San Francisco has progressed quickly. Great interest is manifested in the result of the mayoralty contest. Adolph Sutro, populist, is said to be in the lead and it is expected he will be elected by a large majority.

Oakland, Nov. 6.—A surprisingly heavy vote is being polled. Considerable electioneering is going on inside the 150-foot limit. There have been no encounters between the A. P. A. and Catholics as was expected. Last night a man peddling a paper was knocked down by a crowd. A purchaser of the paper was also assaulted and called for help.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

News by Wire from All Parts of the World.

The fire on all the cotton steamships here was extinguished this morning. Watchmen on all the ships where the fire occurred have been arrested. Investigation shows traces of phosphorus everywhere. The belief is general that it was spread by longshoremen recently on strike. Loss by fires, $50,000.

One Teaspoonful Every Three Hours

LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE taken as above will cure a cold.
COCHRANE & MUNN,
Druggists, Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—The furniture of a small house. Address A. B., Times office. nov6-2t

PANT MAKERS WANTED—$2 per piece; also one hand weekly work; steady work. Wm. Schur, 93 Johnson street. nov6-2t

TO BE LET or leased the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora Avenue, City. n1-1m

STRAYED from premises 304 Dallas Road, a black and tan collie pup; has plated collar and padlock; answers to the name of "Dash;" last seen near Ross Bay cemetery. Anyone returning same to C. E. Renouf will be rewarded, and anyone harboring same after this notice will be prosecuted. 6-tf

PROF. J. OLIVER Will give his sixth annual mask ball this (Tuesday) evening, November 6th. Admission, maskers, gentlemen 50 cents, ladies free; spectators, gentlemen 50 cents, ladies 25 cents, including refreshments. Good music in attendance. nov6-1t

NOTICE.

Civil Service Examinations will be held in the City Hall, Victoria, B. C.

PRELIMINARY—Tuesday, 13th November, 9 a.m.

QUALIFYING—Wednesday, 14th November, 9 a.m.

J. CAMPBELL,
Examiner.
nov6-2t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Rossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM BAINES.
Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully.

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

Municipal Elections, 1895.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATION.

All persons wishing to qualify, under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1895, in accordance with clause E of section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the assessor's office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November instant.

WILLIAM NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., November, 1894.
(Colonial Copy.

STILL MARCHING FORWARD

The Chinese Army Thrown Into a Panic and Fleeing Before the Japanese.

Manchurian Troops Robbing and Assaulting the Residents—Chinese Loan.

London, Nov. 6.—A Shanghai dispatch says that an attack is now being made on Port Arthur by the Japs with torpedo boats, and it is expected that Talien Wai will be attacked during the day.

The Chinese army has been thrown into a panic by the Japanese victory and are still fleeing before the Japs. The Chinese troops in Manchuria are robbing the natives and committing horrible atrocities wherever they pass. The Japanese, on the other hand, are treating the Chinese well, and consequently are being received with open arms. Viceroy Li Hung Chang, the dispatch also states, has been ordered to Pekin.

The Chinese loan is well received on the London markets. The opinion in banking circles is that a much larger amount would have been subscribed if it had been even a four or a four and a half per cent. gold loan.

A Yokohama dispatch states that the steamer Sydney has been allowed to leave Kobe, where she had been delayed and searched for articles contraband of war. Two American passengers on the steamer were arrested.

A dispatch from Kobe to the same agency says the first Japanese army has reached the port above Talien Wai and established communication with the second army.

Tientsin, Nov. 6.—A dispatch says England has sent an ultimatum to Viceroy of Pe Chi Li, demanding an indemnity for the seizure of Japanese passengers on board the British steamer Chung King. The ultimatum also demands that Tao Ti be dismissed and that the Chun King be saluted. If this be not complied with within a week, England threatens reprisals on the Chinese vessels.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

Sir Charles Dilke on the Trouble Between the Two Governments.

Paris, Nov. 6.—The Matin to-day publishes an article by Sir Charles Dilke on the relations between Great Britain and France, in which he asserts that the difficulty existing between the two governments in regard to Newfoundland faces England rather than France. Sir Charles expresses regret over the warlike attitude assumed by the French government towards Madagascar. He believes France could obtain all she was entitled to by pacific means.

Figaro says the first credit asked from the government for the prosecution of the Madagascar expedition will be seventy-eight million francs.

London, Nov. 6.—Private advices state that Madagascar proposes to make a stubborn resistance to France's attempt to enforce her demands.

Paris, Nov. 6.—The customs committee of the chamber of deputies to-day after a thorough discussion of the bill providing for the commercial agreement between France and the Dominion of Canada, voted in favor of the agreement.

CANADIAN NEWS.

A Syndicate to Control the Empire—McCarthyites Repudiated.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—The Patrons make an announcement repudiating the McCarthyite alliance story. It is a proclamation by President Mallory and quotes a resolution adopted by the grand board last week and kept secret. It will be published to-morrow in the Farmers' Sun.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—Col. John I. Davidson, wholesale grocer and vice-president of the Bank of Commerce, has gone into a syndicate with Senator W. R. Brock and a number of other importers to get control of the Empire newspaper. They are trying to raise sufficient money to pay up the remaining 20 per cent. of the stock of the paper subscribed for mostly by manufacturers of the country, and who are slow to pay up.

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 6.—When fire broke out in Mrs. Jane Green's house yesterday she ran into the street, but a little later remembered that she had left some money and papers in the second floor and rushed back to get them. The building, which was of wood, was then all ablaze, and she was in imminent danger of death. George Chene, chief of the Windsor fire department, snatched a shawl from a woman standing near and bolted into the front door and up stairs. A few seconds later the roof fell in and the cry went up that the chief was inside. A score of firemen with axes, picks and hooks started for the door, but just as they did so the second floor came down with a crash, and the chief with the woman in his arms rolled over and over out of the front doorway. He was blinded and blackened by smoke and fire and the woman was insensible. She revived, however, and is recovering. The chief's hair was singed off, his face blistered and the coat burned from his back. The money and papers were found unharmed in what was left of the building.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Salt rheum, with its intense itching, dry hot skin, is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it purifies the blood.

NOW GRAND DUCHESS ALIX.

She is Received Into the Orthodox Russian Church With the Usual Ceremony.

No Denunciation of Former Belief —Title of Grand Duchess is Conferred.

Livadia, Nov. 5.—Princess Alix was received into the orthodox church on Friday. She received the title of grand duchess. After the ceremony of confession she received the orthodox sacrament. The ritual observed required no denunciation of her former faith. The priest merely asked the princess to express her belief in the Trinity and then to repeat the dogmas of the orthodox faith. She did so, and was then led by the priest into the church and up to a table, on which were vessels containing consecrated oil. In the meantime a choir was singing psalms. The princess knelt before the table. After the offering of prayers and the singing of hymns, the priest said: "Arise, my beloved; arise in the fear of God." The princess stood up and said:

"I vow to remain steadfast in the orthodox Catholic church to my last breath. I vow that I acknowledge this faith and rejoice in obeying its laws. As a sign of this sincere vow, which comes from my heart, I kiss the cross of the Saviour. Amen."

Then she knelt and the priest gave absolution. After numerous hymns and prayers, in which all the members of the czar's family were named, the priest anointed the princess with consecrated oil on the temples, eyes, nose, lips, ears, hands and feet. Afterwards he touched these parts with a sponge dipped in holy water. He then proclaimed the princess' lawful conversion to the Russian orthodox church and exhorted those present to pray for her.

It is now stated that Grand Duke Alexis Michaelovitch, a cousin of the czar, who some years ago was disgraced and banished to the Caucasus, was not recently refused permission, as stated, to see the late czar and receive his forgiveness. The grand duke is suffering from consumption, and when he arrived was too ill to land from the steamer on which he was travelling.

A large number of court officials and servants started for Livadia to-day. They took with them the imperial mantle, a golden pall trimmed with ermine, a catafalque, cushions and tabourets on which to bear the numerous crowns of the czar and the imperial decorations.

London, Nov. 5.—The correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg says the casket in which the czar will be placed has been dispatched to Livadia by a special train. It is of metal, incased in oak. The exterior is covered with cloth of gold, bearing the imperial arms, with massive tassels hanging from the four upper corners. There are gilt feet at the under corners, upon which it stands. The inside is lined with white satin, padded with down. It was placed in the train inclosed in a polished wooden case.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 5.—In response to the message of condolence and sympathy sent the czarina by President Casimir-Perier of France, her majesty today caused the following to be telegraphed to him: "Accept my personal thanks for the cordial sympathy you have shown me in my cruel sorrow."

The czar telegraphed as follows to the municipal council of Caen: "Russia thanks you for your good wishes. Believe me that I have inherited from my beloved forefather sympathies for France."

The Prince and Princess of Wales will accompany the imperial party on the way to St. Petersburg. It is likely the body will be taken to Sebastopol instead of Odessa, and there be transferred to the Moscow train. Moscow will be reached probably on the 11th inst. and St. Petersburg on the 13th. The imperial family will accompany it from the beginning to the end of the journey. The intention of exposing the body in Livadia yesterday was abandoned because the process of embalming it had not been finished. It is said to have been necessary to summon more embalmers from Moscow and Charokoff. When ready the body will be placed in a chapel.

There are rumors of a police order to close the vodka shops in the towns along the route of the funeral train, and its enforcement is said to have caused serious trouble in several districts.

The goldsmiths of St. Petersburg and Moscow have received innumerable orders for gold and silver memorial crowns and wreaths. General Vannowski, minister of war and an officer under the late czar at the capture of Rustchuk, has ordered a silver crown 24 inches in diameter. The inscription is to be: "To the chief of the army at Rustchuk from the chief of his staff." Vannowski has obtained permission to place this crown on the emperor's tomb.

The czar, replying to expressions of loyalty passed by the senate, says he is assured of the loyalty of that body and its aid in carrying out the policy of his lamented father.

THE EASTERN WAR.

Reports of Heavy Fighting North of Port Arthur.

Yokohama, Nov. 5.—Advices received here from the frontier show that there has been heavy fighting in the country just north of Port Arthur. The dispatches received are brief and are silent on some important points. It appears that Field Marshal Oyama divided his force. While one division landed on the coast of the peninsula north of Talienwan, another division was detached with orders to effect a landing near Kinchow and to proceed thence and join the main body of the army. This operation was a complete success. The Japanese encountered no Chinese warships, and the transports reached Kayenko and disembarked troops, guns, horses and munitions in safety.

Kinchow, which is a walled town and which was believed to be held by a large garrison, was immediately attacked. The outer defences were carried by the Japanese after a few hours' fighting. The Chinese made little further resistance, and the Japanese were soon masters of the place. In the meantime the Japanese fleet which had conveyed the transports opened a heavy fire on Talienwan and Kayenko. The firing scarcely ceased for many hours.

Covered by the fire from the ships, the land forces attacked and captured Talienwan in a brilliant fashion. The dispatches state that the losses were heavy. They also mention that an important naval engagement occurred on Saturday, but give no details.

Up to the time of sending this dispatch there had been no confirmation of the report of the capture of Port Arthur.

Field Marshal Yamagata's army continues its victorious march. The division under General Tashuhima pressed forward and captured Fungwangching, as already cabled. The enemy was scattered and fled in the direction of Takushan, Kaijoa and Hotenfu. No fighting is mentioned as having occurred at Fungwangching, but it is alleged that three hundred Chinese were killed at Taikai. Field Marshal Yamagata's official dispatch says the detachment under Gen. Tatsumi has occupied Fungwangching, a fort which ranks in importance next to Moukden.

The principal portion of the Chinese army fled towards Moukden, and the remainder in the direction of Heichen and Takushan.

The Chinese inhabitants, who have been plundered by the Chinese soldiers, welcomed the Japanese army. The Japanese captures up to the present time are 55 cannon, 1500 small arms, 20,000 rounds of artillery ammunition, 2,500,000 rounds for small arms and a quantity of other material.

London, Nov. 5.—A dispatch to the Times from Tientsin says that Fungwangching was burned by the Chinese. The Japanese entered it on October 31. The defence of the road to Moukden has collapsed. General Sung, with the remains of his army, is in the Mathienlan pass, between Fungwangching and Liaoyny. Winter has set in and snow has fallen in Manchuria.

The Japanese cleverly effected a landing at Kinchow while making a demonstration against the opposite coast of Shantung. They cut the telegraph wires, thus preventing the news from reaching the Chinese admiral. A Chinese fleet, consisting of fourteen warships and a torpedo flotilla afterwards started to attack the Japanese, but was recalled. It is believed the government is reserving the fleet for more important service.

MAKING A MAN-OF-WAR.

It Is First Built on Paper, Then of Wood and Lastly of Steel.

A man-of-war is built upon paper before a single plate of steel is forged. Not only is the design and model made, and a sketch to show how she will look when she is floating on the foamy deep, but every piece that enters into her construction, whether it be of iron, or wood, or steel, is measured and drawn out with even greater care than an architect exercises in designing the details of the mantels and door jambs and plumbing of a house. Not only is the length and breadth of a ship decided upon in advance, but the naval constructor will tell you to an ounce how much water she will displace when her armor and guns are placed upon her; how many times her propellers will revolve in a minute with a given pressure of steam, and how many tons of coal an hour must be consumed to drive her at a certain rate of speed.

The science of ship building has reached such perfection that of the forty ships that compose the new navy of the United States only two have not fulfilled or exceeded the plans or promises of the men who designed them, with reference to horse power, speed and other qualifications. The Atlanta and Monterey did not develop quite the horse power that their engines were designed to give, and their builders had to pay a forfeit. The Castine and the Machias were found to be top heavy when they got all their armor on, but that was an error of judgment. They were given too many guns for their tonnage, but that defect was easily repaired.

When the plans of a ship are given to the contractor the first thing he does is to reproduce the design, or at least a cross section full size, with chalk on the floor of his loft, and wooden patterns are made from the chalk marks for the use of the founders in casting her ribs and beams. Then a wooden plate is made for every steel plate that is needed and marked with white paint to correspond with what it represents on the pen and ink design. Then the keel is laid and the skeleton riveted together until it stands out in the air like the steel buildings that are now being constructed fifteen or sixteen stories high before a brick or a stone is laid for the outside walls.

When it comes time to put on the plates the wooden pattern is used first to see if it is a perfect fit and to mark where the rivet holes must be made. The steel plate is then laid upon it, the places for the rivet holes are marked and drilled, and finally it is fastened by red hot steel bolts where it belongs. In a ship of 5000 tons there are over 7000 or 8000 pieces of steel and 50,000 or 60,000 steel rivets.—Chicago Record.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Why not try
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?
Doctors highly recommend it to those
Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.
PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

RAPID COALING.

An English Device for Transferring Vessel Cargoes of Coal.

In England a new system of coaling vessels has recently been perfected, which, in view of the success attained and the expeditious manner of working adopted, merits some passing comment. No one who has witnessed the singularly primitive modes of "bunkering" coal hitherto in vogue, in which the fuel is transferred from the barge to the steamer by manual labor, will wonder that efforts have been made from time to time, not only to carry out the work more expeditiously, but also to perform it in such a manner that the fearful dust raised, blackening and begriming everything, may be obviated. Hitherto, however, every attempt to supersede this primitive method has failed to secure for itself a footing in shipping circles, and coal porters continue to hoist and carry coal in baskets from the lighter, and pitch them into the "bunker," opening on board the vessel in the same manner as when the first steamer made her trial trip.

Much interest has accordingly been excited in the methods recently perfected by Mr. Paul, by which coal can be transferred from barges or lighters to steamers by a system at once rapid, cleanly and economical. Without needlessly dwelling on the minutiae of the new system, it may be pointed out that the mode adopted consists in the employment of a specially constructed barge, which is furnished with an endless conveyer, or "Jacob's ladder," traversing the entire length fore and aft. At the bow the conveyer is furnished with hinges, and, by means of a derrick crane, is capable of adjustment to any desired height. The conveyer, which is composed of a steel chain, forms an endless vertebrated trough, and is actuated by a steam engine placed in the stern, the necessary gearing being provided. To prevent the escape of dust into the atmosphere, a closed shoot is provided from the derrick head—where the creation of dust commences—down to the bunkers. By this means the dust nuisance is altogether obviated.

A demonstration of the new system, held recently at the Clyde dock, Rotherhithe, with a barge containing 120 tons of coal, demonstrated the fact that the entire cargo could be transferred to a lighter in one hour and fifteen minutes, or at the rate of nearly one hundred tons per hour. This is remarkably quick work, when it is remembered that the ordinary rate of bunkering coal by manual labor from a single barge is about 80 tons per day.

In connection with the handling of the new rapid-coaling barge, it may here be noted that its inventor states that all the labor requisite in the management and working of a two hundred ton barge is four men, and a driver for the donkey engine. The barges can of course be built to any size desirable, but the average dimensions with in all likelihood be those to carry 250 tons burden.

In addition to the trials already mentioned, the new barge will be employed in coaling up the Peninsular and Oriental steamer Paramatta and the Swedish screw steamer Harold.

How vast a field is open to the new invention may be judged from the fact that the official customs returns show that an aggregate amount of eight millions of tons of bunker coal is shipped annually at British ports for the use of steamers engaged in the foreign trade. Six million tons of sea borne coal are, moreover, brought every year to London, and eight millions to other parts of the United Kingdom in the same period; whilst a considerable portion of this is transferred by lighters to wharves, warehouses, etc. These figures speak for themselves, and abundantly emphasize the value to all parties concerned of any method of coaling vessels which is more expeditious, more cleanly and more economical than that at present in vogue.

The bunkering of coal sems likely ere long to furnish another of the long list of instances in which hand labor has given place to the ever-extending mechanical appliances which are met with at every turn, and in every industry and business, at the present day.

Brown's "★★★ Special" Selected Old Scotch Whiskey is the brand chosen for the Imperial Household.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.
83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

. . . ALSO . . .

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

Toronto, Ontario.

As Well as Ever
After Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cured of a Serious Disease.

"I was suffering from what is known as Bright's disease for five years, and for days at a time I have been unable to straighten myself up. I was in bed for three weeks; during that time I had leeches applied and derived no benefit. Seeing Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised in the papers I decided to try a bottle. I found

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

relief before I had finished taking half of a bottle. I got so much help from taking the first bottle that I decided to try another, and since taking the second bottle I feel as well as ever I did in my life." GEO. MERRETT, Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy of action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 20 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by youthfulness, in one month. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure. Before. After. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail for $1.00 LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. aug27

GROCERIES.

DON'T.. FORGET

We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at Rock Bottom Figures.

Always on hand a large and well selected stock of Flour, Bran, Shorts, Chops, Wheat and Rolled Barley. Give us a call at 261 Douglas Street.

JOHNS BROS

Cash Grocery

Frisco Saloon Pilot Bread
Lunch Biscuits
Boston Biscuits
Penny Ginger Bread
High Tea
Daisy
Lemon
Scotch Short Bread

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co,
18 Trounce Avenue. oct

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Read This

List and compare it with others, you will then find the advantage in price and terms of calling on

LEE & FRASER,
11 Trounce Avenue

15 acres, good land, near city, dwelling, outbuildings and fine orchard, 12 acres cleared; price, $2700.
3 acres Ross Bay, all improved, with dwelling for $2500.
1 corner lot, Dudley avenue; price, $300, easy terms.
1 lot Fernwood road, good location for building; only $475.
1 lot, Edward street, 60x132; planted in fruit trees; $630.
Also good list of farms from $25 to $100 per acre.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

Shall I Trust It?

Will It Meet My Expectations?

The Answer of Thousands is: "It Has Cured Us and Will Cure You."

Paine's Celery Compound Never Fails.

Testimony of a Well-Known Mechanical Engineer.

Shall I trust Paine's Celery Compound? Will it meet fully my expectations and give to me the health and vigor for which I have so earnestly sought?

These questions are asked occasionally by wearied, overworked, nervous, sleepless and dyspeptic men and women, who have met failures and disappointments after using the common patent medicines of our times.

We admit that repeated failures have a tendency to weaken and destroy faith; we sincerely sympathize with those who have been duped in the past by worthless nostrums. The disappointed ones have not only lost their money, but they have been cast deeper into the mire of disease and suffering.

All doubts and fears as to the efficacy and powers of Paine's Celery Compound should at once be banished from the mind. The strong testimonials of prominent and well known Canadians received in the past and coming in every day they are best and strongest proofs of the value of the great medicine. When trustworthy friends and neighbors are cured, and they know it, what more is wanted? Surely the medicine that has cured those who were given up by physicians will meet your case, reader. Paine's Celery Compound is a guaranteed cure and never fails.

Read the testimony of Mr. C. E. Robertson; government steamboat inspector for Manitoba and the Northwest. Mr. Robertson says:

"It gives me much pleasure to give you my opinion of your preparation known as Paine's Celery Compound, and how it acted on me. A little over a year ago, while coming through a very anxious time, first in connection with my business as an engineer, and then by the loss of my child, as well as over work, my nerves gave out completely. I could not sleep for weeks, and could not work through the day at such work as drawing, owing to the twitching of my nerves making me blot the work.

"A friend told me to try your Compound, which I did, and I firmly believe it did more for me than my doctor could do. I am now strong, sleep well and as steady as a rock; my whole system has been invigorated by it.

"I have recommended it to a large number of people, and find it as a rule never failed to do them good. I could give you examples of numbers of cases where it has been the decided cause of restoration to health."

THE ISLE OF MAN.

Its Ancient Customs—Its Government—Its Tailless Cats.

The Isle of Man is only thirty-three miles long and twelve wide, so that it is not great labour to get over it, and as two railroads run—one north to south and the other east to west—you can see how convenient it is to the visitor. Douglas, Port Erin, Peel and Ramsey are the chief towns.

The Isle of Man, while belonging to the British crown, is neither English, Scotch, Irish nor Welsh, but is a seperate country, with a home-rule government and a language of its own, but yet with great loyalty to the Imperial Government and devotion to Queen Victoria, for everywhere you go you see

crest, for everywhere you turn your face, whether at a steamboat, a railroad, a coach, a flag or on windows of the stores, there you see the three legs.

I had read of the Manx cats without tails, and thought it a joke; but, sure enough, the cats here are without tails and I saw several without that graceful member. Some ladies of our party, who had not seen the Manx cat, were rather doubtful of the truth of our report and we had to accompany them to the house where the cat lived, and after a close examination came away believers in the tailless cat. I don't think pussy is improved by the absence of the tail. Some people say this strange act of nature extends to the dogs also.

The Manx language, like the ancient language of Ireland, is fast passing away, and in a generation it will be one of the dead languages, enjoyed only by scholars. I met an old woman on the side of a mountain selling milk, cakes and ginger ale, and after asking some questions about the locality I learned from her that the children were not learning the Manx language and that only the middle-aged and old people spoke it. She said her children only spoke the English. I was anxious to get a book in Manx, but could not find one in the stores.

The old woman referred to showed me an old bible in Manx, which I tried to buy, but she said: "No money could buy her bible." It had belonged to her father. I was sorry, but I also admired the old woman's love for her old bible, and I was glad to see that money could not tempt her, though she was quite poor and a few shillings would have been a large sum for her purse.—Richmond (Va.) Despatch.

BARRIE AND THRUMS.

What the Thrums Folk Think of the Man Who Wedded an Actress.

M. E. L. A. in the Ledger chats interestingly of the wedding of J. M. Barrie, of Thrums fame, and Miss Mary Ansell, a member of the dramatic company who plays Walker, London.

Though obliged to spend the greater part of his time in London, Thrums is still Mr. Barrie's home, and it was in the drawing room of his father's house, Strathview, that the marriage ceremony took place. Just opposite Strathview stands the House on the Brae, familiarly known now as the Window in Thrums, and the various scenes depicted in the Little Minister may also be seen from the windows, for, as the name implies, the fertile Strathmore surrounds Thrums.

So much has been written of his severe illness that Barrie was determined no one should know anything of his wedding plans. The greatest secrecy was, therefore, preserved, and even the local clergyman who assisted at the wedding, was tied down to divulge nothing of interest as to date, etc. The ceremony was performed by Barrie's uncle, the Rev. David Ogilvy, a son of the Auld Licht Kirk, assisted by the local clergyman, and the short simple service of the Scottish church only occupied a few minutes. There were no bridesmaids nor groomsman; no fuss, nor flowers, nor feast; everything was done in the quietest and most unsensational manner. Ever since the publication of his books the Auld Lichts have looked askance at Barrie, classing him as a wolf in the fold, hardly knowing whether his sympathies are with them or whether he has not cast ridicule upon their devoted little band.

Now that he has married an actress I fear he will be placed entirely beyond the pale of pardon, and in the Auld Licht circle of Thrums of the present day the charming bride of this romantic and quiet wedding will be as surely ostracised as was "Babbie" of that other "marriage over the tongs" on the hill behind "Strathview." Play-actors are not Christians in the theology of some of the guid folks, but this bride may yet reign supreme in Thrums as did "Babbie," for her husband has most assuredly bounded into fame, and the mantle of Scott has fallen on his shoulders. He has touched the chord of pathos, and the undercurrent of brave self-denial, which forms so strong a force in the religion of the Scots, has been acted on magnetically. At the present day Barrie is the idol of his countrymen, and his simple tales of Thrums have placed him on a pinnacle, in their estimation, far above Lang or Stevenson or Black.

Barrie is to Scotch prose what Burns is to her poetry, and already he has secured for his name a position with posterity, which, like that of Burns, will increase in veneration with the years. His love match is a bright spot in a life which has had more of minor than

eagerly for his new book, The Little Minister and Babbie and Jess and Leebie will still hold supreme sway over our hearts.

HENRY IRVING.

THE GREATEST OF LIVING ACTORS, HELD IN THE HIGHEST ESTEEM BY THOSE WHO KNOW HIM BEST. HIS OPINION ON 'VIN MARIANI.'

It is said of Mr. Irving that, though an upright and thoroughly honorable man he plays the Devil (Faust) as no other man can.

After perusing the many strong expressions from other eminent men and women througout Europe as to the merits of Vin Mariani as a tonic stimulant Mr. Irving says: 'I can certainly add my testimonial to the virtues of 'Vin Mariani,' which I have found excellent, and am well convinced of its quality.' This tonic coca wine (Vin Mariani) invigorates and sustains weak constitutions run down by over-exertion of body or brain. What can be more convincing than the written endorsements of seven thousand prominent physicians. Send stamp to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian agents of this beautiful wine, and get a little album, free, containing the photos and testimonials of celebrities throughout the world.

JOY OF HAVING A VALET.

In the West Indies Every White Man Must Have One.

I wonder that the West Indians who come to this country ever acquired the habit of taking care of themselves, for down there no white man seems to do anything that he can have a colored man do for him.

Almost the first thing that was done for me in the plantation house was the appointment of a valet to take care of me. Every male person in the house, even to the little boys, had his valet, and every woman her maid. The valets are always called "boys," no matter what their age. After my first night's sleep I was awakened by hearing some one moving about the room. In my half-asleep condition I saw that the sun was just rising and that the person in the room was my boy Moses. I watched with some interest to see what he would do.

There was a sound of pouring water on the little balcony upon which my room opened in the rear—a balcony inclosed with Venetian blinds, and divided by similar blinds into little pens, one behind each room. A moment after Moses was in the room laying out a suit of pajamas for me. Then the mosquito netting opened, and his smiling face appeared.

"Is you ready for your bawth, Maws Thomas?" he asked.

Every one in the house was invariably addressed by his or her first name. Even the mistress of the house was "Miss Beatrice," though she was a gray-haired matron. The sole exception to the rule was the planter himself, who was Maws Colonel."

Moses, with a big sponge and a tub of water in the balcony bathroom, made the best shower-bath combination I ever encountered, and when it was over he produced a razor and proceeded to barber me.

I was surprised that he left me to climb into the pajamas without assistance but I understood that a few minutes later when he reappeared with a tray, on which were a dish of fruit, a cup of coffee, some biscuits and a box of cigarettes. This early morning bite was spread out on the front balcony, where all the other gentleman and boys of the house were already gathered in their pajamas behind similar trays, the ladies not being visible till several hours later. I had hardly made a start before Moses came with another tray, bringing a cocktail for me. There was no cocktail for anybody else; but my host was under the impression that it is a universal custom in New York to begin the day with a cocktail. It was always the choice time of day, that early morning bite, in the cool breeze and the loose pajamas, with the sun just up out of the distant sea, and the birds singing.

By 7 o'clock we were all in our

boys, and there were always saddled ponies in the yard ready for all who chose to ride. Sometimes we rode down to the shore, sometimes into the mountains, and occasionally to a neighboring plantation; but whatever way we went our "boys" went with us, because we might possibly be in need of some attention while away. In my subsequent excursions into the mountains my Moses was always along on another pony, and never a dinner time came, but he took pains to prowl about the distant kitchen to learn what was cooking. He took care to inform me of what was coming, and to inquire whether I liked light meat or dark, rare or well done, salads dressed with oil or without. This was because each man's boy waited upon him at dinner, and, knowing his tastes, had everything ready to his liking.

Naturally I soon fell into the habit of depending upon Moses for everything, and I am sure that another fortnight of that easy life would have made me utterly useless.—New York Sun.

Salt rheum with its intense itching, dry, hot skin, is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it purifies the blood.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

EVERY MOTHER WISHES

Her children to be strong and healthy. All doctors agree that the

"HEALTH BRAND"

Combinations do more than anything else to insure this.

Lady Aberdeen writes to us strongly in favor of the Health Brand.

Ask your dealer to show you these goods. You will never buy any other after seeing them.

THE MONTREAL SILK MILLS CO., Ltd., MONTREAL.

LAMPS FOR THE SEASON

A Choice Selection of Elegant Lamps

PIANO LAMPS, BANQUET LAMPS, HANGING LAMPS, HALL LAMPS.

AT

WEILER BROS.

They are the best goods in the market. They are bought direct from the factory, and will give you perfect satisfaction.

NEW SILK AND LACE LAMP SHADES have also arrived

Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER

Buy a Big 25c. Bottle

NO OTHER MEDICINE ON EARTH is so efficacious for Colic, Canadian Cholera, Cramps, Chills, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and all Bowel Complaints.

Health for Baby.

Lactated Food Always Victorious.

Mothers find that Lactated Food surpasses all other forms of prepared foods in purity, strength and life giving qualities. No other food is so agreeable to the delicate infant stomach, and no other can be fed to the baby from day to day with so much satisfaction.

Lactated Food has proved victorious in every home where it has been used. It corrects digestion and gives to the digestive organs a tone and strength that conduces to good health. It prevents diarrhœa and dysentery, and has in the past saved thousands of precious lives.

Dear mother, see that your baby is fed on Lactated Food all winter; you will be cheered by the results in the coming spring season.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Wednesday Night, Nov. 7,

THE LITTLE SUNBEAM,

Marie Heath

And Her Company of Jolly Players, In the Delightful Musical Comedy,

A TURKISH BATH

The Cleanest Comedy On the Stage!

The Play That Has Made a MILLION People Laugh!

ALL LAUGHTER!

Seats, $1, and 75c., Gallery 50c.; now on sale at Jamieson's.

CITIZEN'S

EVENING PARTY

TO

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen.

Drill Hall, Victoria, B. C.,

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 7th.

LADIES' TICKETS..... $1.00
GENTLEMEN'S TICKETS.... 2.50

May be had at Hibben & Co.'s, Jamieson's and Braund's bookstores, Challoner & Mitchell's store and from the following gentlemen: Col. E. G. Prior, Dr. G. L. Milne, Ald. D. R. Harris, C. E Renouf, A. C. Flumerfelt, Lindley Crease, D. R. Kerr,

J. B. GORDON, Hon. Sec.

oc29-td

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,

The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.

VICTORIA, B. C.

The government is known as the "House of Keys" and consists of twenty-four members, elected every seven years, but no person has a vote unless he possesses real estate of the value of £40 or occupation of the value of £60 per year and women are also entitled to vote.

The court of Tynwald, presides over by the lieutenant-governor, is composed of the council, which embraces the bishop, attorney-general, two judges, the clerk of the rolls, water bailiff and the house of keys are the active government of the great Isle of Man.

There is one feature of special interest in reference to the laws, and that is that all laws passed by the house of keys are sent for the royal assent, and when that has been secured then the law must be formally read in the English and Manx language on Tynwald Hill in the open air, where the council and the keys united from a Tynwald court, before they become laws. This form of reading the law at Tynwald is the oldest style on record; was old in 1417 and has been continued ever since. The 5th day of July in each year is the laws passed by the house of keys.

The coat of arms of this isle is three legs of a man in a circle. The motto,

throwd, I shall stand," The Manxmen apparently rather enjoy the three-legged

A Grand Illustrated Course of Lectures,

At INSTITUTE HALL, by Prof. Seymour, travelling editor of Human Nature, begins Tuesday evening, November 6th. An immense collection of skulls, skeletons, anatomical plates, mammoth oil portraits, etc. Admission free, but a collection made.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials.
FINE STAGE.
LARGE GALLERY,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF,
PROPERLY VENTILATED,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.
Open for engagements after 5th October next. ALSO TWO LARGE LODGE ROOMS.
Apply to G. Leiser, B. T. Williams, J. D. Warren, Hall Committee.

....LIVE PEOPLE READ LIVE ADS.....

Dentists' Notice.

We, the undersigned dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices on Saturday afternoons after one o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Verrinder, D. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, S. M. Hartman, H. P. Moody. n3-1m

REMOVED.

Morrow, Holland & Co.

TO TIMES BUILDING,

26 Broad Street. — Opposite Driard Hotel

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. [illegible] erfelt, Gorge Road.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynaecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

LAWYERS

A. L. BELYEA,
Barrister and Solicitor.
Rooms 4 and 5, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Potter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 37 5, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fitzguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fitzguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

MISCELLANEOUS

NEXT-OF-KIN WANTED—Would James Graham, of Plantation, near Lisburn, County Down, Ireland, who left Belfast for Canada about 12 or 14 years ago, or his representatives, please communicate at once with the undersigned. Hugh Mulholland, Solicitor, Market Square, Lisburn. nov5-2t

ASK YOUR GROCER or Telephone 241 for Paragon Safety Oil. o12

SODA WATER MACHINERY—Will the party who sent to Barnett & Foster, London, N., for an estimate send them his name, as he omitted to do so in his letter? 2-4t

WE MANUFACTURE AND SELL the only genuine Cambridge Pork Sausage. No. 5 Victoria Market. nov2-6t

TO LET.

WANTED—To rent, an 8-roomed house, warm and with modern conveniences. Address, stating lowest rent and giving number and street, "Captain," Times office. o10-tf

TO LET—Rooms for light housekeeping at 63 Superior street. s14-tf

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a dressmaker just from Winnipeg; first class work promised. Miss Shepherd, 15 George street. n1-1m

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oct27-tf

FOR WAITING ON TABLES at balls, weddings, and private parties, or getting up suppers, making tea and coffee, etc., apply to Mrs. Blackmore, 113 Blanchard St., or Watson & Hall, 55 Yates St. o19-1m

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A first class horse, harness and express wagon with cover; also buggy and harness. Stoneyard, corner Fort and Blanchard streets. nov5-3t

FOR SALE—Lot on Pine street, 60x150, also fronting on Belton avenue, cost $625, will be sold for $350. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. n3

FOR SALE—One share in Board of Trade Building Association; cost $100, will be sold for $60. Also shares in B.C. Directory Co., cost $800, will be sold for $200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. n3

SITUATIONS VACANT.

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

WANTED—A general servant who understands cooking; for Wellington. Apply to Mrs. G. Leiser, 93 Pandora St. n1

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

NOTICE.

A public meeting will be held in the City Hall on TUESDAY NEXT, the 6th inst., at 4 p.m., to discuss matters pertaining to the Postoffice Employees in this city.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 3, 1894. n3

ADDRESSED BY
COUNTESS OF ABERDEEN

A meeting will be held in the VICTORIA THEATRE on

Thursday, November 8th,

When the Countess of Aberdeen will deliver an address on the National Council of Women of Canada.

ADMISSION FREE.

Seats can be reserved at Jamieson's book store for 50 and 25 cents. Chair taken at 8.

The Daily Times.

"THE LAST REFUGE."

Whenever any particularly stirring incident in the dramatic reign of political brigandage is exposed, or the treachery and dishonesty of any particularly "heavy villain" in the tragedy of corruption is unmasked, the charges are at first flatly denied by both "patriotic" press and "patriotic" pensioner. This is the preliminary move. But when the criminal courts reveal that which the narrow and contracted inquiry of a partizan committee could not succeed in concealing, the efforts and the vigilance exercised in bringing the culprits to justice is branded as unpatriotic by all the brood of "patriots-for-revenue." To speak of the scandals or to sound a note of warning is "preaching blue ruin." Conducting criminals to the bar of justice is "running down the country." Exposing the financial shipwreck for which incapacity, corruption and the National Policy is responsible is also "preaching blue ruin," although the text of the sermon and every figure it contains is gathered from the public documents published by the Queen's Printer at Ottawa. The charges can hardly be successfully disposed of in this way. They are either true or they are not. To seek to evade responsibility by resorting to such childish and ridiculous tactics will fail to hoodwink the people—although it be one of the leading features in the campaign of trickery. We remember as far back as 1873 when Sir John Alexander Macdonald declared that Mr. Huntingdon's charges were false, and called upon Heaven to witness the truth of his asservation. Subsequent inquiry substantiated the accusations to the letter. The same tactics were employed to screen the Rykert robbery from the public eye, but were equally unsuccessful. The Connolly-McGreevy charges were also flatly denied. There was nothing in them. Both "boodlers" were fine fellows; but old Sir John knew better and sprang to the country on the old voters' lists before the charges could be investigated. After these two worthies were brought to justice and sent to jail by the untiring efforts of Sir Oliver Mowat they were released by that merciless "boodle" hunter, Sir John Thompson, because they found prison life unpleasant. To criticize such a travesty upon justice, to condemn such unheard-of proceedings is "running down the country." To speak of the Curran bridge robbery will be the blackest of treachery and traitorous in the extreme. Therefore we shall allow the "patriots" to settle this trifling steal of a quarter of a million among themselves. The following translation from the Montreal Conservative newspaper Le Monde shows how the arrest of Mr. St. Louis is regarded among the "gang:"

"This arrest of Mr. St. Louis has provoked everywhere comments which are far from being in sympathy with the federal government. Truly it savors of odious persecution. Saturday an action for one hundred and forty odd thousand dollars was taken against him, and this morning he was arrested for the same thing. He is treated as if he were a stranger to the Conservative party, and they wish to make him the scapegoat of all the sins of Israel. He ought not, however, to be the only one to bear all the responsibility. Sir John Thompson and his colleagues will probably have to repent of their last step, and they will perceive perhaps to their cost that it would be much better to allow this famous Curran bridge case to be settled by the civil courts, and not by the police magistrate or the jury."

To arrest St. Louis for stealing one hundred and forty odd thousand dollars is treating him like a stranger! This is decidedly rich, but to comment upon this piece of impudence would be "running down the country." If Dr. Johnson had lived in Canada in these days he would have found still greater reason to declare that "patriotism is the last refuge of scoundrels."

FREE LUMBER.

Lumbermen across the line talk some queer nonsense when they discuss the effects of tariff reform on their trade. For example, C. F. White, manager of the Gray's Harbor Commercial company, is quoted by the Oregonian as saying: "The Canadian Pacific is a government road. It can make whatever rate it pleases and the government must stand the loss if any occurs. It is not hampered by interstate commerce laws. It can place lumber in the markets as cheap as any road in the United States." Mr. White may have been speaking in ignorance, or he may have been wilfully misrepresenting the status of the Canadian Pacific. In either case he has shown himself an unreliable authority, and his utterances are quite in line with those of many others of his class. A peculiar phase of the free lumber question is now attracting the attention of some eastern newspapers. It appears that a Chatham dealer lately imported a million feet of lumber from Bay City, Michigan, to be sold in Ontario, an incident which of course brought forth a howl from protectionist circles. The Ontario lumbermen are going to be ruined, according to their view, by the cheap product of Michigan. What a calamity it would be if the Puget Sound and Ontario lumber producers were all to go to the wall, victims of free trade! The Toronto Mail in discussing this Michigan importation notices the fact that the Grand Trunk Railway lately announced an increase in rates on lumber from northern points to places in Western Ontario, and it ascribes to this action the fact that the Michigan product can find its way in. But this will hardly satisfy the protectionist; they will clamor for a restoration of the duty.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND WORKINGMEN.

To the Editor: While I endorse the remarks of the Hon. Col. Baker in introducing technical education into our schools, I would respectfully remind the hon. gentleman and his colleagues to study well the labor problem, and start at the foundation by first finding employment for those who have already learned a trade, and who are here in our midst starving. How many boys are there at present whose parents have learned them the use of tools, who are wishful to learn a trade, but on inquiring at the workshops are told that they have no vacancies for boys to learn the trade, and that they don't want to be bothered with them, as they can get more men than they want at boys' wages? You cannot blame employers under existing circumstances, but who shall we blame? I don't wish to blame the government, because I pride myself in being one of those calm and reasonable workingmen the Colonist talks about. Even so, we are only mortal, and hard times make men think, but empty stomachs make them desperate. So I ask pardon when I say that the hon. gentleman and his colleagues are to blame for the supply of labor exceeding the demand. Do they not acknowledge that it is their duty to regulate supply and demand by passing an act which practically regulates the supply and demand of doctors, lawyers and dentists by its restrictive clauses, at the same time providing openings for those of their professions who may be technically educated here. Not so with the working man. The regulation of supply and demand is left in the hands of steamship, emigration and railway agents, who publish unauthentic statistics and general information with the sole object of duping honest workingmen of other countries out of their passage money and railway fares, and dumping them down in our already over supplied labor market. The agent general for British Columbia reports to the Board of Trade that the imperial institute is about to publish a monthly journal, a prominent feature of which will be the condition of trade and the demand for labor in various parts of the empire. The representatives of trade and capital recommended that the British Columbia Commercial Journal be sent and about minerals, domestic production and agriculture, but the brain and muscle upon which these people trade are too insignificant to obtain a mention much less consideration, so they are left to be dealt with by the merchants' publication as ordinary merchandise. Would it not be a benefit to the province if the government would give in their official data the state of the labor market in this province? It would appear from the above that the provincial government labor bureau is not collecting and publishing labor statistics. I would ask, "If not, why not?" Did it not form part of the promise made by the premier and the Hon. Col. Baker to the workingmen? I mean to the more reasonable portion of the workingmen, as the Colonist would say, previous to the assembly of the legislature last session? If the government is not in a financial position to carry out their promises, I would suggest as a matter of economy and for all practical purposes that the present expensive bureau staff be discharged and that a good, practical workingman be appointed. If he is what he ought to be, he should be able to collect and systematize labor statistics for publication at least once a month, besides other incidental work in connection with the bureau. What will be the good of teaching technical education under existing circumstances? It will only tend to swell the ranks of that large army of axe and saw carpenters and kindred mechanics who infest the country, [illegible] and disadvantage of all skilled mechanics. With this, as I think, reasonable, economical and practical suggestion, I close my remarks for the present, leaving the rest to the powers that be.

MECHANIC.

THE VICTORIA POSTOFFICE.

To the Editor:—At the public meeting to be held to-night in the city hall it will be in order for Postmaster Shakespeare to enlighten the citizens of Victoria as to his views on the question as to whether "A Practical Man" or a "Figuring Fool" would be the better qualified to successfully manage the Victoria postoffice, having in view the convenience of the public, justice to all employees and the efficient administration of the postal service generally.

INQUIRER.

Victoria, Nov. 6, 1894.

DIGGING UP OLD BABYLON.

Progress of Exploration Under the Direction of Dr. Peters.

United States Minister Terrell at Constantinople has made a report to the state department giving the results of the scientific explorations of the ruins of Niffer, near Ancient Babylon, which was begun and are being continued under the direction of American scientists. The expenses have been defrayed by the Babylonian exploration fund, which was formed by gentlemen in Philadelphia in 1888. The work of excavating began in 1887, and except at occasional intervals, has been actively continued. Dr. Peters and Professor Hilprichs, of the University of Pennsylvania, supervised the work in the beginning.

It is now being conducted under the direction of Dr. Peters, a citizen of the United States. The extent of the work has been such that from 150 to 250 Arabs are continuously employed. In the number of tablets, brick, inscribed vases, and in the value of cuniform texts found, Minister Terrell says that this American enterprise rivals, if it does not excel, the explorations of Layard at Nineveh and Rassam's excavations at Abu Habba.

Dr. Hilprichs, the distinguished Assyrian scholar of the University of Pennsylvania, is remaining at the museum of Constantinople, at the request of the Turkish government, to translate inscriptions and arrange the tablets, inscribed vases and bowls, used from one thousand to four thousand years before the birth of Christ. Many tons of tablets, vases inscribed brick, sarcophagi and the like have already arrived at that museum. Prof. Hilprichs is assisted in their examination, translation and arrangement by Hamdy Bey, the learned Mohammedan in charge of the museum. The Sultan, in recognition of the services of the American professor, has promised that the University of Pennsylvania shall receive one of all duplicate antiques.

Mr. Terrell says that this enterprise has revealed an antiquity of the human race nearly ten centuries older than science had knowledge before. "The religion, government, habits of life, and, to a great extent, the customs of men who lived 4000 years before Christ," says Mr. Terrell, "are revealed by the inscriptions which are now being translated here (Constantinople), and arranged by Professor Hilprichs. The worship of one God (Bel), who was vested with sensual and revolting attributes, is more clearly known, and the extent and arrangement of his immense temple are now revealed.

"Thus far 20,000 inscribed tablets of clay and of stone have been discovered. On these are inscribed promises to pay debts, deeds, contracts and a record of all important public and private events. I saw one on which was inscribed a promise to pay borrowed money, with interest, in shekels, in the reign of Cambyses. About 150 Hebrew, Mandic, Arabic and Syrian inscribed bowls have been dug up. These are more than all the museums of the world possessed before. They have also found hundreds of Babylonian seal cylinders, many gold and silver ornaments worn thousands of years ago by the inhabitants of the regions between the Tigris and Euphrates. About one thousand vases of alabaster, marble and other stone have been discovered, with votive offerings of lapis lazuli, magnestic and agate, and many hundred vases, toys, weapons, instruments and household implements in iron, bronze and clay were discovered, which illustrates the conditions surrounding our race 4000 B. C.

"The temple of Bel, I am informed, is now being dug around and laid bare, and when finished, will be the first temple of Bel ever systematically excavated. With over 200 Arabs, its colossal walls, containing 130 rooms, have been laid bare. Its slaughter house, altar, tablets, archives in stone and treasure house have also been revealed. The excavation extended down 42 feet below the surface to the foundation of the immense temple. An inscription on stone [illegible] ished in the lower regions, in the neighborhood of the subterranean waters. Nine sarcophagi have been exhumed and transplanted entire to the museum here in Constantinople. Very many crumbled when exposed first to atmospheric influence.

"It is estimated that it will require 60 volumes to contain all the valuable cuniform texts and their translations, with philological, archaeological and historical essays, with a description of Niffer, the custom of its people, their religion, and their social and political life. I am informed that the first volume of this work, edited by Professor Hilprichs, has recently been issued, and that it has received general encomiums by eminent European scholars.

"I am assured by American professors here that the scientific world now owes its oldest Semitic texts to this expedition, and that they found, over 60 feet below the surface of the earth, evidence that Niffer was one thousand years older than scientists had believed formerly. I am also informed that of the 125 Babylonian kings whose names and era are known, 80 were found described on tablets excavated by this American enterprise.

"The use of glass made in Niffer to imitate lapis-lazuli existed 1400 B. C. The list of Babylonian rulers from 2300 B. C. to the fall of Babylon (538 B. C.) has been made known by this expedition, and now we are able, for the first time, to lay a solid foundation for determining the age of undated tablets from paleography. I feel that the enterprise and intelligence of our scholars and the public-spirited citizens in so distant a field as Niffer, and the valuable discoveries made of the earliest history of our race deserves more than a passing notice."

HERE AND THERE.

Odd Bits of Information from the Eastern Hemisphere.

Catharine Hibbert, of Broadgate, Lancashire, has recovered damages to the amount of £6 in the county court at Bolton from the Rev. H. S. Patterson, vicar of Deane, in remarkable circumstances. Miss Hibbert, who is a factory employee of the mature age of 51, is the owner of a grave in Deane church yard, in which her father was buried in 1869 and her mother in 1886. Some time ago, desiring to erect a little rail around the grave in order to keep it in an orderly condition, she saved her earnings for the purpose, and employed a man named Morris to execute the work. Morris arranged the matter with the sexton, to whom he paid a fee of one guinea, receiving in acknowledgment a printed receipt. The vicar, however, denied having given authority for the purpose, and had the railings removed—hence these legal proceedings. Mr. Patterson claimed that the management of the churchyard was vested in him, and that as vicar he could make a foot path if he thought proper. In this, however, the judge, as appears by his decision, did not agree.

Beyond Comparison

Are the good qualities possessed by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Above all it purifies the blood, thus strengthening the nerves; its regulates the digestive organs, invigorates the kidneys, corrects the acidity and disease of all the entire system, cures Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Catarrh and Rheumatism. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills, billiousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

This Pin Cushion
FREE

Is your grocer is out of them ask him to send for more.

This illustration represents a very attractive pocket pin cushion. Ask your grocer for one.

CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Erupheas, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

On View

The LACROSSE CLUB portrait group at Studio of Skene Lowe, Photographer. Call and see it!

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Higgins for chrysanthemums. *

—Ladies' Puritan vests for 60 cents at the Lansdowne House, Yates St. *

—Loyal Orange lodge No. 1610 will hold a special meeting this evening in A. O. U. W. hall.

—Sheriff McMillan was yesterday engaged in drafting the grand and petit jurors for the coming assizes.

—Why cough, while Bronchial Balsam cures coughs and can be obtained at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street? *

—The dentists of the city have agreed to close their offices at one o'clock every Saturday afternoon throughout the year.

—"Just arriving from England," goat skin rugs and mats, white, grey and black. We have a few suitable for babies' buggies. Weiler Bros. *

—At the recent drawing of the Vancouver Island Building society John McAllister, holder of shares 241 A and B won the 77th appropriation.

—In the police court this morning Louis Galli was convicted of retaining in his possession a watch stolen from William Embell and given two months' imprisonment. There were a number of witnesses in the case, and the hearing of it consumed considerable time.

—We are glad to learn that the "PAIN KILLER" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should ever be without. mfwyp W should be without. 25c. for a big bottle.

We are authorized to state that their Excellencies Lord and Lady Aberdeen, will be present at the Evening Party to-morrow in the Drill Hall.

—The quarterly convention of the Young People's societies of this city will meet in the First Presbyterian church to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. A good programme has been provided and a cordial invitation is extended to all. Through some misunderstanding it was announced in yesterday's paper that it would be held at 8.30.

—Before the fall you could get along somehow without a wrap, but now that the season is advanced a waterproof, Cape, ulster or jacket is a necessity. To-day you can get a very beautiful garment for very little money at Partridge's Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street, as he is going out of this line. He needs the room for his millinery department. *

—"A Turkish Bath," which is billed to appear at the Victoria to-morrow night, is a delightful farce-comedy and contains much to amuse and interest that class of people who enjoy an evening of laughter at the theatre and the next day feel the better for it. Since the last season "A Turkish Bath" has been materially changed, and with its present array of artists takes rank with the leading comedy organizations now travelling; it is just one laugh three hours long, but it is all good, wholesome laughter, with none of the lowering and brutalizing effects common to a great number of farce-comedies. Little Marie Heath is still the central figure of this excellent amusement enterprise.

—The mails are again leaving Victoria on schedule time, and the notice closing all mails at 6 p. m. has been taken down. The present force are straining every effort to do the work, but are not succeeding in giving anything like satisfaction to the public. The suspension order of Postmaster-General Caron, which was a direct slap in the face for the board of trade, has brought the question to the notice of everybody in the community, and with all the general inconvenience there is not a citizen who does not deeply sympathize with the men. The public meeting at the city hall late this afternoon and if it is adjourned, as proposed, until Saturday night there will then be a great crowd in attendance. It is expected that many of the clergy will attend the meetings, as a number, including Bishop Perrin, Rev. W. L. Clay and Rev. Solomon Cleaver, were so interested as to refer to it in their sermons on Sunday.

—Higgins for chrysanthemums. *

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. *

—Seven yards of grey flannel for $1 at the Lansdowne House, Yates St. *

—Fine silk lamp shades, new stock of handsome lamps, etc., at Weiler Bros. (These are the very latest.)

—A fine line of razor straps just arrived at Fox's, 78 Government street. Come and learn how to strop your razor. *

—The civil service examinations are to be held at the city hall on the 13th and 14th inst, Rev. Dr. Campbell is the examiner.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra ruling and other superior binding at R. T. Williams & Co.'s, 28 Broad street. *

—C. H. Weeks has assumed charge of the Great Northern agency in this city. Mr. Stevens, the former agent, is going into business in this city.

—You should look in at Weiler Bros.' and see the New Goods, a fine assortment of plated ware for you to select your presents from. Weiler Bros. *

—A social dance will be given by Victoria lodge, No. 17, K. of P., in Castle Hall on Wednesday, Nov. 7th. Tickets admitting ladies and gentleman, including supper, $1. *

—This morning, by express, Partridge, of the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, received from Montreal 36 new style shapes, including this season's very latest style ladies' walking hat. *

—Victoria stockholders in the Quesnelle Forks Gold Mining company are requested to meet at the Times office at 11 a.m. to-morrow, Wednesday, to discuss a proposal which has been made to the company, particulars of which will be explained at the meeting.

—A well known local jeweler returned home from Port Angeles last week, and when searched at the wharf sixteen watches were found on him. Collector Milne has the case in hand, and it is very likely that he will make an example of the man with a view to checking petty smuggling.

—The boys' brigade of James Bay is making good progress. The brigade was organized recently with eleven members, and at present there are fifty on the roll. The boys are being instructed in the latest military drill by Captain Blackwood and Lieutenants McLean and Finlayson.

—While the meeting which Lady Aberdeen addresses on Thursday evening at the theatre is open to all, the ladies of the city especially should not fail to avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing the address and knowing what the National Council of Women is and does. Certainly no one is better qualified to make known the aims and objects of this organization than Lady Aberdeen, its honored president.

—In police court this afternoon Lee Chick, who threatened to kill a Chinese woman named Ah Loy, is being tried. It seems that a woman who formerly lived with Ah Loy had Chick arrested some time ago. He was fined and taxed certain costs, and it was to get restitution that he went to Ah Loy on Sunday. The knife with which he emphasized his demand was produced in court. The case is still on as the Times goes to press.

—The charge of having stolen goods in their possession against John Nelson and Frank Sanson was up for hearing in the police court to-day, but the examination was not completed. The former was represented by Mr. Murphy, from S. Perry Mills' office, and the latter by Mr. Fuliger, from the office of McPhillips, Wooton & Barnard. Felix Hunger, the owner of the valise and clothing, is absent in California, but the property was fully identified as his and the theft of it proven. The defence has not been reached, but ignorance of the fact that the goods were stolen will very likely be pleaded. The police are also going to charge Nelson with the theft of a silver watch from an old man.

—The following gentlemen were yesterday drafted by Sheriff McMillan to act as grand jurors at the Victoria assizes, commencing on Monday next: [illegible] James Baker, contractor; John E. Crane, real estate agent; Fred. Elworthy, accountant; John Earsman, insurance agent; James Hutcheson, merchant; Latham B. Hamblin, civil engineer; J. A. Lawrence, real estate agent; T. Matthews, merchant; Maxwell Muir, architect; A. J. McLellan, contractor; A. W. More, agent; John Pelletier, gentleman; Christopher Spencer, merchant; John Turner, contractor; Charles F. Todd, merchant; Louis Stemler, spice merchant; John Wilson, merchant; Harry M. Yates, accountant.

—There was a sad story told in the police court this morning. James Archie is a stone cutter and sculptor, and one of the best at his trade in Canada. Drink, however, has been his curse, and on Friday he lost his place at the new parliament buildings. Saturday some tools were stolen from Thomas Latus, employed on the building, and the robbery was traced by the police to Archie. The latter is an old friend of Latus, and the latter in the police court this morning made every effort possible to get his friend off. He swore that he had known him many years, that his character was irreproachable and that but for the liquor he would never have stolen the tools. The court expressed his sympathy for the accused and complimented Mr. Latus on the spirit shown. Sentence was fixed at one month's imprisonment.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Seal Teeth!

Jewellery of all kinds in fine gold and beautifully finished is what Pennock & Lowe, the Jewellers, are making a specialty of just now. 63 Government St., next Spencer's Arcade.

PLACE FOR J. N. MUIR.

Elected Principal at Spring Ridge in Place of R. J. Hawkey.

At a special meeting of the school board held yesterday afternoon J. N. Muir was elected principal of the Spring Ridge school to succeed R. J. Hawkey, resigned. It was decided first to give Mr. Hawkey a testimonial of his general ability and excellent conduct, and it was later on in executive session that Mr. Muir was chosen as his successor. Mr. Muir will take charge of the school on the 15th inst.

A number of matters in connection with the gymnasium were disposed of. The tenders for mattrasses were referred to the supply committee, with power to award to the lowest tenderer for wool. In reply to a query from Instructor St. Clair it was decided to inform him that while acting as instructor in the public schools he would not be permitted to receive private pupils. It was decided to allow the teachers the use of the gymnasium, and also to let the children of the North ward and South park schools use it as well. Trustees Lovell, Saunders and Lewis were appointed a gymnasium committee to make rules for the use of the building and apparatus and for the guidance of Instructor St. Clair.

The matter of repairs to the Victoria West school was referred to the supply committee to act as they think best.

The finance committee were requested to give prompt attention to the accounts in connection with the reception to the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen, which were all passed.

Trustees Glover and Lewis were appointed a committee to consider the placing of fire escapes on the school buildings.

It was decided to convey the sincere thanks of the board to Lord and Lady Aberdeen for their addresses to the children. It was also decided to make Friday, November 23, a school holiday.

The secretary was directed to supply the secretary of the Winnipeg board with a list of the teachers' salaries and to ask that the favor be reciprocated. The secretary was instructed to get photo cuts of the school buildings for the annual reports, and it was decided to allow the janitors of the South park and North ward schools $5 a month extra for the five months ending March 31.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Lawyer Blake, of Vancouver, Before the Benchers of the Law Society.

Lawyer J. J. Blake, of Vancouver, was before the benchers of the Law Society yesterday to answer the charge of keeping money belonging to a client. Miss Leona Izen employed Mr. Blake to get some money belonging to her out of court and about March last he obtained $400. When asked for money he told his client that he had not got it and the matter dragged on and on until Miss Izen found out he had the money and brought the matter to a climax by getting the benchers to take the matter up. Just what was done yesterday is "quiet," but it is understood that Blake was suspended.

AN ABLE BURGLAR.

Escaped From Six Men—Westminster Assize Cases.

New Westminster, Nov. 6.—A lone burglar broke into Locksteader's store at Port Haney last night, and though discovered and six men tried to effect his capture, he escaped. Two shots were fired at him, one at close range, but both missed. The robber made his escape in a boat down the river. He had over a hundred dollars worth of goods ready to carry away when he was disturged.

The fall assizes opened to-day, Judge Bole presiding. The docket is very long, including two murder cases. Sidney Lobb was brought over from Nanaimo this morning. A nolle prosequi was entered in the case of the Queen vs. McCraney, the matter having been settled. The more trifling cases are being dealt with first.

A RACE WAR.

Negro Laborers Ill-Treated by Whites in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Nov. 6.—John H. Adams, a colored stevedore for the firm of Allen, Hays & Co., who was engaged in loading the ship William Cliff at Southport, the terminus of the Illinois Central railway immediately above New Orleans, was shot mortally wounded. Adams was on the steamer when the mob of white men came up. They opened fire on him and Gould, another negro, and they fled. Adams was shot in the side, receiving twenty wounds. There is little likelihood of his recovery. In consequence of this state of affairs and other threats, the negroes refused to work on the shipping this morning, declaring that their lives were in danger, and that the police would not give them protection. They announced, therefore, that they would not work until after the election, as they thought the race excitement now so bitter might cool down and some protection might be obtained through the U. S. courts. The fire yesterday, it is now known, was of incendiary origin, as a ferry boat pilot saw it when it started under the wharf. The fire has already caused severe loss to business here, as several insurance shipping firms threaten to withdraw. There is talk of the cotton exchange calling on the governor to order out troops to suppress the lawlessness that has existed on the levee for some days where the white laborers are engaged in loading vessels. The colored workmen whose property was destroyed by the mob on October 26th have brought suit against the city for damages for failing to give them proper protection.

Condensed Dispatches.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 6.—The czar's body will be first moved to Kolba, where it will be shipped to Sebastopol and thence to Cracow and St. Petersburg.

The tug Crusader was burned at Sault Ste Marie this morning. Two of the crew were burned to death.

...THE...
Manchester House!
88 YATES STREET

SPECIAL LINES REDUCED FOR THIS MONTH.

Twenty doz. pairs Kid Gloves, usual price $1.00 and $1.25, reduced to 65 cents.
Berlin, Shetland and Andalusian Wools, 5 cents per ounce to clear.
Thirty doz. Ladies' Black Cashmere Hosiery, 25 cents per pair.
White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs 5 cents each.
White Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 12½ cents each.

DRESS GOODS.

Tweed Dress Goods, 56 inches wide, reduced to 50 cents per yard.
Melton Cloth 54 " " 75 " "
Diagonal Serge 52 " " 85 " "
Hop Sacking, Navy, Brown, Fawn " 65 " "

MANTLE DEPT.

Our Jackets and Mantles are all German Manufacture, therefore We can warrant a Good Fitting Garment. Jackets from $3.00. Ladies' Capes with Beaver Trimmings, $6.00. Children's Ulsters from $2.50.

MILLINERY.

A choice line of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Special styles in English Walking Hats and Sailors.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. - T. HAUGHTON & Co.

Our Special Effort

This week is to increase the purchasing power of your dollar with the greatest values in Hats ever offered.

Hats formerly $2.50, all Sizes and Styles, now

$1.50!

W. J. JEFFREE,

The Golden Rule Clothing Store, Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

COAL & WOOD---REMOVAL.

W. WALKER

Has opened an office for the Sale of Coal and Wood in No. 15 Market Bl'd'g. End of Broad St. Orders filled with our usual promptitude. TERMS CASH.

Telephone No. 466.

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

Principal, MISS M. B. SHARP. 288 Yates St., opp. High School.

Instruction in all branches of Vocal and Instrumental Music (including Guitar and Mandolin), Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Instrumentation, Elocution, and Foreign Languages.

Classes in Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Hand Culture, Ensemble Playing. Recitals and Concerts are free to pupils of Conservatory.

Mr. Trevelyan Sharp (late of London, England), is in charge of the Violin and Orchestral department. Mr. Sharp has had thorough training and practical experience in preparing Principals, Chorus and Orchestra in Opera Oratorio, etc., and is open to engagements from Operatic and Choral Societies requiring a Musical Director. Prospectus on application.

Law Intelligence.

In A. & W. Wilson v. Marvin Mr. Justice Drake this morning handed down this judgment on the plaintiff's application for a judgment against the defendant as executor of Edgar Marvin, 31st August, 1892, and issued execution, but recovered nothing. On 14th February, 1893, an administrative decree was made and a sum of money deposited in the bank as representing the assets of the deceased. It now appears that the testator died insolvent, the assets being insufficient to meet the debts proved against the estate. The executor (William Thatcher Marvin) claimed a right of retainer in respect of money owing by the testator to him at his death, but the funds in hand are more than sufficient to meet this claim and the plaintiff's judgment. * * * The plaintiff now asks for an order for payment out to him of the amount of his judgment, interest and costs. The defendant sets up sec. 4 of cap. 68 of consolidated acts, 1888. This section is a counterpart of the English act 32 and 33 Vic., c. 46. That section was considered in re Williams estate, 15 Eq., 271, and the vice chancellor held that the act did not take away the existing right of a judgment creditor to be paid who had obtained his debt out of money in court:

"The plaintiff, a simple contract creditor, obtained a judgment against the defendant as executor of Edgar Marvin, 31st August, 1892, and issued execution, but recovered nothing. On 14th February, 1893, an administrative decree was made and a sum of money deposited in the bank as representing the assets of the deceased. It now appears that the testator died insolvent, the assets being insufficient to meet the debts proved against the estate. The executor (William Thatcher Marvin) claimed a right of retainer in respect of money owing by the testator to him at his death, but the funds in hand are more than sufficient to meet this claim and the plaintiff's judgment. * * * The plaintiff now asks for an order for payment out to him of the amount of his judgment, interest and costs. The defendant sets up sec. 4 of cap. 68 of consolidated acts, 1888. This section is a counterpart of the English act 32 and 33 Vic., c. 46. That section was considered in re Williams estate, 15 Eq., 271, and the vice chancellor held that the act did not take away the existing right of a judgment creditor to be paid who had obtained his [illegible] decree, and as I am governed by that decision the order will be for the trustees, C. E. Pooley and [illegible] Irving, to pay to the plaintiffs the amount of their judgment and interest at 4 per cent. and costs of this application. Costs of other parties to be paid out of the estate."

I. A. Aikman for applicants; Bodwell, Q. C., and Irving contra.

In the speedy trials court this morning "Lord" Percy Whittal was found guilty by Mr. Justice Drake of stealing a watch and chain and sentenced to nine months with hard labor. On September 23rd last Whittal and a jeweler named O. A. Ragstadt were on a drunk together, and at the conclusion of their evening Whittal put his friend to bed and stole his watch, after which he put it up for drinks at Carter's saloon. The next day he denied all knowledge of the watch, but in court to-day he said Ragstadt had given it to him outside the Bank Exchange saloon. His lordship said the two stories did not tally, and told the prisoner he was guilty of stealing from a drunken man, one of the most degrading and contemptible of offences. Had he been, instead of an educated man, an ignorant person he might not have looked on it as so serious. However, by his own folly he had brought himself about as low as he could go. E. E. Wootton appeared for the prosecution and J. P. Walls for the defence.

If the authorities succeed in keeping Percy inside the walls of the jail the public are safe for nine months.

—The steamer Empress of India arrived at Hong Kong at 8.30 p.m. on Monday, Nov. 5.

WILLIAM KIPLING'S FUNERAL.

Address Delivered at the Grave Side by B. H. West.

At the funeral of William Kipling, who was killed by a landslide, Mr. B. H. West delivered the following address:

"We meet to-day around this open grave to pay the last tribute of respect to the remains of one whom death has taken from our midst. The circumstances under which the deceased died were of a most trying character. He was brave and intrepid in life, and in the hour of death calm and heroic. The painful conditions which surrounded the fatal accident were well calculated to test the disposition or heroism of any man. I was told by one who stood beside him at the time of his death that young Kipling never once complained. After all had been done to save his life, that the circumstances permitted; when hope fled, and death stood before him as the inevitable messenger to call him to that bourne from whence no traveller returns, he quietly remarked, "Well, boys, this is too bad." He died as he lived, a firm believer in the immutability and justice of natural law. Into the mysterious beyond the deceased has gone. Farther than the grave we cannot follow him. Death marks the line between the living and the dead. He was our brother in life, so he shall be in death. In the democracy of nature no barriers intervene between man and man. It is customary among all people to perform a service over the grave of a departed relative or friend. As a rule, the wishes of the deceased are carried out. William Kipling was in the truest sense of the term a free thinker; in man careful not to offend the religious feelings of others. He claimed the right to settle for himself the relationship that obtained between him and the universe. He boldly denounced the dogmas of total depravity, future punishment, and sacrificial atonement, as unworthy of an all-loving and infinite Father, and utterly incompatible with the mandates of eternal justice. He believed that upon every one there rested the most solemn duty to make this a better world to live in. The last years of his life were given to ameliorate the condition of labor. He clearly saw the injustice imposed upon the sons and daughters of toil by the present adjustments of our civilization. He was a social reformer. In this city he was an active member of the Single Tax Club and the Tailors' union. A man of his keen conception could see that often under our present system injustice is crowned with honors and wealth, while honest toil is given poverty and rags. He believed that each child born into the world had an equal right to natural opportunities, and that the laws that interfered with that right were foul blots upon our civilization. He looked upon interest for the use of money as an instrument of robbery, that enables some people to live from the toil of others. I have briefly given the religious and economic views of the deceased. In regard to the last effort of our brother to establish a commonwealth at the north end of this island, we may say that he was actuated by a very commendable motive. When one sees that the laboring classes have the ability to produce in abundance the things that mankind want, but that they lack the executive ability to make a wise use of their own powers of production, the man who endeavors to organize them into an industrial army for mutual benefit and protection, merits the lasting gratitude of his fellow men. What life is fuller than that which lives by honest toil; what character calls for greater eulogy than that which seeks in sunshine and shadow to make a purer and happier world of this? What end achieved in time is there within the power of man more conducive to the welfare of society than that which honors Justice and follows Truth? To the near relatives and friends of our dead brother, we say in kindness we know this is a trying time for you—love ever seeks her own. Affection of the human heart under certain circumstances rejects the inexorable truths of cold philosophy. Before the morning of life had departed this child of nature has passed away. In the drama of life death is the last act. Love places these flowers upon the casket that holds the remains of him who has gone. These flowers are fitting emblems of love and beauty. In conclusion we can say, how short is life; we therefore ought to make a profitable use of our time. When death comes to each one of us, may it be truthfully said, "He or she was a good citizen and neighbor; a friend to all mankind." We now consign the remains of our brother to the bosom of mother earth. Let the dead rest in peace."

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The C. P. R. traffic for the week ending October 31st was $711,000. For the same week last year the earnings were $703,000.

R. Nichol, of Beeton, quarreled with his wife and threw a chair at her. She dodged it, and it struck their nine-year-old son, breaking his skull. Nichol is in jail.

At a conference between lumbermen and Grand Trunk officials at Toronto it was arranged that lumber rates will not be advanced until after another conference, to be held next spring.

The body of Mrs. J. Lint, who disappeared from her home in Cayuga in May last, was discovered lately in the bush about a mile by the clothing.

The examination of the books of Fitzgibbons, the defaulting Grand-Trunk cashier at Hamilton, has been completed. The shortage is something under $20,000. There is no clue to the whereabouts of the fugitive.

The laboratory branch of the Inland Revenue department is analysing samples of water taken from streams in which sawdust is deposited. This is apropos of the discussion on the sawdust question which is likely to take place in parliament next session.

Norman P. Brown, a well-known young English commercial traveller, has been refused admission to the St. James club, though introduced by Hon. P. Mitchell, on the ground of former dishonorable conduct. Brown denies the accusation, and threatens a heavy damage suit.

A mail bag containing $150 was taken from the Union Point station last Friday. A boy named Leland was arrested at Sault Ste. Marie, on the steamer, on suspicion. He was employed by the postmaster to carry the mail, and disappeared on the night of the robbery.

Mayor Villineave, of Montreal, has received a letter, post marked Buffalo, announcing that a plan is on foot to rob the Mercier vault at midnight, and steal the late premier's body. It says the conspirators are members of the A. P. A. Charles Langelier, of Baie des Chaleurs scandal fame, and formerly provincial secretary in [illegible] probable successor in the representation of Bonaventure county.

ALUMINUM TORPEDO BOAT.

An Interesting Experiment Tried by Yarrow & Co.

The aluminum torpedo boat which Messrs. Yarrow & Co. have constructed for the French government was recently subjected to trial, so certain engineers, naval officers, and others not officially connected with the vessel might have an opportunity of observing her performance.

The London Times says: The boat is of the second class, being 60 feet long and 9 feet 3 inches wide, a beam 1 foot 9 inches in excess of the older type of second class boat. The chief interest naturally centers in the hull, the machinery consisting of an ordinary set of three stage compound torpedo boat engines and a Yarrow water tube boiler. In design the vessel is on the same general lines as the second class boats recently built by this firm, but the adoption of a lighter material has enabled important alterations to be made in the structure. As compared to a steel boat of the same type, the scantling has been thickened about 25 per cent. in spite of which the total weight of the hull has been reduced about 50 per cent. The builders had the boat weighed when slung on a crane in the docks, the total weight with water in the boiler being 9 tons 8 cwt. Toward this total the hull itself contributed two tons; so it may be taken that an ordinary steel second class torpedo boat's hull weighs four tons. The material of which the hull is constructed is, of course, not pure aluminum, but an alloy consisting of 94 per cent. of aluminum and 6 per cent. of copper. A large number of experiments have been made by Messrs. Yarrow and by the French government, the results of which point to the proportions adopted being found best for the purpose.

The chief result of using the lighter metal has been that a speed of over 20 1-2 knots was obtained on the official trial, carried out on September 20 under the supervision of a French naval commission, of which Captain Le Clerc, of the French navy, was president. The maximum speed of torpedo boats of this class in the British navy is about 17 knots.

It will be seen that by using aluminum in place of steel in the hull construction—for in other respects the boat is on known lines—an increase of speed of 3 1-2 knots has been obtained, in addition to which there are other subsidiary but by no means unimportant advantages dependent upon the decrease in weight of hull structure. Among these are ease in lifting, additional buoyancy, and freedom from vibration. The latter feature is really remarkable in the new boat, which steams at her highest speed with a degree of vibration, to quote the report of the official trial, "not appreciable;" in fact, when running at her best speed the boat was so steady that one could make notes in the after cabin with facility. Those who are acquainted with the performance of the average torpedo boat when running at speed will appreciate the great advance that has been made in this essential feature, for excessive vibration does much to reduce the efficiency of these high speed craft as engines of war. No doubt the greater steadiness is largely due to improvements in engine balancing introduced of late, but Messrs. Yarrow & Co. attribute it chiefly to the increased scantling and the non-resilience of the alloy used when it is manufactured in the manner requisite for producing ship plates and angles—for aluminum is among the most resilient of metals when treated in some ways.

Mr. Yarrow states that the price of the material for the hull and fittings varied from 3s. to 5s. per lb., and the metal used in this little boat cost over £1,000.

OPENING UP OF AFRICA.

The Year 1849 an Eventful One in African Annals.

It was in 1849 that Livingstone, in the first of his great journeys, reached the shores of Lake Ngami, a discovery which kindled in him the inextinguishable enthusiasm of the explorer, and caused him finally well-nigh to forget his original purpose of discovering new lands simply that they might be made fields for missionary work. Notwithstanding his gradual sinking of the higher in the lower aim, however, no man has done more in our days to promote the work of Christianizing the savage world.

At the same time, a man of a very different stamp, Gordon Cumming, had just finished his five eventful years of hunting in South Africa, the fascinating account of which he published the next year. By this book he attracted a whole army of sportsmen and professional hunters, by whom and the "trekking" Boers the game which then swarmed on the plains and in the river bottoms was either exterminated, or else driven in greatly diminished numbers to the yet comparatively inaccessible Zambesi valley.

On the east coast, in the same year, Mount Kilimanjaro, superb with its two snow-capped peaks, was discovered by Dr. Rebmann, and Mount Kenia, snow-clad also, though directly under the equator, was seen by his fellow missionary, Dr. Krapf. Their report of these wonders filled men's imaginations, recalling the ancient traditions of the Mountains of the Moon at the source of the Nile, and reviving the interest of the civilized world in the solution of that mystery.

In the same eventful year, also, Dr. Barth set out from the Mediterranean on his great journey of twelve thousand miles, lasting nearly seven years, during which he crossed and re-crossed the desert, explored the central Soudan, and gave to us the [illegible] possess of those nourishing and populous negroid states to the south of the Sahara.

From that time there has been a continually increasing host of travelers, missionaries and adventurers who have penetrated into nearly every part of the continent.

The map, which was mostly blank, or conjecturally drawn in our childhood, is now filled with lakes, rivers, mountain chains, plains and deserts, which the political boundaries which mark the division between the different states and colonial possessions of the European powers show still more evidently the changes wrought by the last half century.—Atlantic Monthly.

CAMELS IN AUSTRALIA.

The Eastern Beast of Burden Now Largely Employed.

Some of the interesting particulars concerning the part which the camel is playing in the development of the Australian colonies are given in a special issue of the British Australian dealing with the goldfields of Western Australia. The great central depot for the animals imported from India is Port Augusta, 259 miles north-west of Adelaide. Here a camel quarantine station has been established, and the arrivals are kept in it and carefully watched for the first three months to guard against the outbreak of a certain deadly disease which carried off most of the earliest animals. Once acclimatized, the animals are not liable to the complaint, and they thrive wonderfully on the natural shrubs of Australia,—salt bush, wattle, mulga, acacia, and other varieties. The imported animals, however, are not nearly so valuable as the Australian-bred animals. The pastoralist breeds his camels, as he does his sheep, on scientific principles, so that already, within twenty-five years, there has been produced in Australia a race of camels, "larger in frame, sounder in wind and limb, and possessed of greater weight-carrying capacity than the Indian animal originally imported:—"By means of camel caravans—there are now close upon 10,000 camels at work in Australia—the pastoralists have been enabled to take up and stock new country which was formally incapable of being utilized because a broad belt of land that is either waterless or liable to long periods of drought intervened between the good country and the settled regions, whence all supplies have been drawn, and where all products must be marketed. It is only within the last few years that mining men have awakened to the utility of camels in their industry, and large numbers of the animals have recently been drafted to Western Australia. On the older goldfields of that colony the camel caravan has already knocked out the bullock team by reason both of economy and efficiency. But, more important still, the camel is enabling new goldfields to be reached and worked which were previously, if not absolutely inaccessible, incapable of being permanently occupied and utilized. Mining machinery is being made in sections convenient for slinging across the back of the back animal. Camel wagon transport, unknown both in Asia and Africa, has also been developed in Australia, the animals being yoked in teams of eight, four like bullocks. Well-sinking machinery is likewise being sent out into the waterless country on camel back, and after the magnificent results achieved by artesian boring in the arid region of Queensland, where some of the bores yield 2,000 gallons a day, and have caused rivers to run where water was never before seen except in the form of an all too scanty rainfall, there is no saying but that by this means the West Australian goldfields, now worked with difficulty owing to the scarcity of water, may be converted into regular oases." During the Lindsay expedition, it is added, the camels had spells of 23 and 24 days without a drink of water.

Beyond Comparison

Are the good qualities possessed by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Above all it purifies the blood, thus strengthening the nerves; its regulates the digestive organs, invigorates the kidneys and liver, tones and builds up the entire system, cures Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Catarrh and Rheumatism. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills, billiousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

RUPTURE

More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. $7 patented to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free.

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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, DETROIT, MICH.

TRANSPORTATION.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1147
8 30 pm	Lv	M	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	36	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	26	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	M	Lv	8 50 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

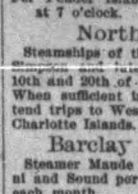
Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY



STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria. Store st. 107

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SAVE MONEY AND TIME!

WHEN GOING EAST

By purchasing your tickets via the Canadian Pacific Route. Through Daily Sleepers, Elegant Upholstered Tourist Cars in charge of competent porters running through without change to

BOSTON, MONTREAL, MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL TORONTO and WINNIPEG.

ROYAL : MAIL : STEAMSHIP : LINE

—TO—

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Short Route to the Orient.

SAILINGS AS FOLLOWS:

Empress of Japan..... Nov. 12
Empress of China..... Dec. 10
Empress of India..... Jan. 7
Empress of Japan..... Feb. 4

For rates, pamphlets and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

Or to GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Parisian..... Nov. 10
Allan Line, Mongolian..... Nov. 17
Dominion Line, Oregon..... Nov. 10
Dominion Line, Labrador..... Nov. 29
Beaver Line, Lake Superior..... Nov. 14
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg..... Nov. 21

From New York.

Cunard Line, Etruria..... Nov. 10
Cunard Line, Campania..... Nov. 17
White Star Line, Adriatic..... Nov. 14
White Star Line, Tuetonic..... Nov. 21
American Line, Berlin..... Nov. 14
American Line, New York..... Nov. 21
North Ger. Lloyd, Ems..... Nov. 17
North Ger. Lloyd, Aller..... Nov. 29
Anchor Line, Circassia..... Nov. 10
Anchor Line, City of Rome..... Nov. 17
Red Star Line, Waesland..... Nov. 14
Red Star Line, Friesland..... Nov. 21
Allan State Line, Nebraska..... Nov. 22
Allan State Line, California..... Dec. 6

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria.

Cor. Fort and Government streets.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

Steamer [illegible] Nov. 9

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Daily.	No. 3 Saturday.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Daily.	No. 4 Saturday.
Ar. 15:40 P M	5:30 P M	VICTORIA	Dp. 8:00 A M	2:00 P M
15:30	5:20	COLWOOD	8:04	2:04
15:20	5:10	GOLDSTREAM	8:14	2:14
15:14	5:04	SUMMIT SIDING	8:20	2:20
15:09	4:59	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	8:25	2:25
15:00	4:50	COBBLE HILL	8:34	2:34
14:50	4:40	COPPERMINE	8:44	2:44
14:37	4:27	CHEMAINUS	8:57	2:57
14:20	4:10	DUNCANS	9:11	3:11
14:05	3:55	MENZIES	9:26	3:26
13:55	3:45	CROFTON	9:36	3:36
13:44	3:34	WEST SHEARWATER	9:47	3:47
13:37	3:27	OSTERHOUT SIDING	9:54	3:54
13:26	3:16	NANAIMO	10:05	4:05
13:15	3:05	WELLINGTON	10:16	4:16
Dp. 13:00	Ar. 2:50	NANAIMO	Ar. 10:30	Dp. 4:30
Ar. 8:10 P M	Dp. 6:00	VICTORIA	Dp. 5:40 A M	Ar. 12:40 P M
Miles from Wellington.	Miles from Victoria.			
135	—			135
120	—			120

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Ticket can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncans or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. D. STEEVENS, General Agent, No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt., St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, [illegible]

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,300 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda—Thursday, November 15, at 8 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

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Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv...SPOKANE...Ar. 5.20 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passenger [illegible] Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:20 p.m. same days.

Cheap School Suits 100 Boys' two-price SAMPLE SUITS at $1.50 per suit. Sizes from 22 to 26. These Goods are MARKED DOWN to clear. See them.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street, Victoria

CHILDREN'S RECEPTION.

Lord and Countess Aberdeen Address the Children at the Drill Hall.

Address Presented to Their Excellencies by the Alexandra Ladies' Club.

The latter part of the school children's reception to the vice-regal party, in the drill hall yesterday afternoon, was if anything more enthusiastic than any reception which has so far been tendered the party in Victoria. Both the Governor-General and Countesss Aberdeen were received with storms of applause when they rose to speak, and during the addresses were continually interrupted with cheers, laughter and applause. When His Excellency proposed that the [illegible] the children a holiday, pandemonium reigned and the motion was declared carried. Hon. Col. Baker assenting. Cheers were given for the Queen, the Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen and the reception was brought to a close, the school trustees and teachers being presented to the visitors. Before they left the hall Miss Kathleen Hunter and Miss Greta Renouf, of Clovely College, presented the Countess and Lady Marjorie with bouquets.

The governor-general addressed the children as follows:

Your Honor, Col. Baker, Boys and Girls of the Victoria Schools:

We are delighted to have this opportunity of meeting you. Certainly you present a fine appearance. Now I hope that won't make any boy or girl too conceited (laughter), because after all each of you contributes only about one two-thousandth part to the general effect. (Renewed laughter.) However, the admirable result furnishes a good example of what may be done by united action, by combination and by the application of the old principle that "many a mickle mak's a muckle." (Laughter.) Certainly when we survey this youthful host we cannot help feeling how much valuable material is here represented, and that makes us value all the more the excellent system of education which is being carried on for the development of this grand material. (Applause.) It is a noble—a sacred work. It is a work of such comprehensiveness that it would be impossible for me here to even remind you of a few of the different aspects of this great enterprise. I shall allude, however, to one, of which I have no doubt you have heard a little—I mean the importance of technical or manual training. (Hear, hear.) I want to remind you that that is not merely a question of the hands—it is also a question of the head, because we can do no good handiwork without exercising our brains. Remember, therefore, that when you are taught how to use your hands you are also being taught to use your brains. A celebrated painter was once asked how he managed to make such splendid pictures, and with what he mixed his colors. His answer was, "How do I mix my colors?—why, with brains." That is the secret of all good work. We must bring brains and intelligence to bear upon it. (Applause.) Don't forget that technical training is of practical benefit, especially in a comparatively young country like this, and that a boy or a girl equipped with such dignified acquirements, as say carpentry or the ability to knit and sew, has gained accomplishments of practical use and value. So you may be sure that in taking advantage of your opportunities in this respect you are providing a store upon which you can draw in future years. I may mention that the present which I received from my eldest boy, who is at school in England, on the occasion of my last birthday—you see we old folks have birthdays too—(laughter) was a table made by himself, and I may say that I placed a more than usual value upon the present because of that circumstance, though indeed most of the little presents which we have received from our children, and their Christmas cards, etc., are their own handiwork. But I mention the table because my boy has had the advantage at the school which he is attending—that of Harrow, in England—of working in the workshop [illegible] (Applause.) Before sitting down I want to remind you of the fact that we look to you as the hope of the future. That gives a new dignity to the work of teaching and learning; to make a good scholar demands care and pains and patience on the part of the teacher, and attention, thought and also patience in the overcoming of obstacles on the part of the learner. You boys and girls are to be the grown up citizens of a few years later. Did it ever occur to you that you are to be the people of the twentieth century—for in a few years we shall have entered upon that century. The nineteenth century has been a century of glorious achievement, and we trust the twentieth will be even better. It is to you that we must look for that.

"Where are my great men coming from,
The men to rule the state,
When, this old century left behind,
We've passed the twentieth gate;
My brave, broad-hearted citizens,
The strong, the good, the true?
You're drifting now; rouse up my boys,
They all must come from you!
Don't let past glories be forgot, or patriotism die;
Let every boy upon the roll
Shout, 'Ready—here am I.'"

I wish you well. (Loud applause.)

Hon. Col. Baker, minister of education, addressing the Governor-General and the Countess said:

I am sure I am expressing the united voice of all the schools of Victoria in thanking you most heartily, not only for the honor of your presence, but for the kindly interest in their progress and welfare, and for the eloquent words of welcome and sympathy with which you have been good enough to favor them. I am sure the children will remember your kindness for many a long year. In your presence here they cannot fail to remember Her Gracious Majesty the Queen, who rules over this great empire of Great Britain and who is so ably represented by yourselves. May this visit rekindle in the hearts of the children that spark of loyalty that already exists, and when they think of this occasion its memory cannot fail to recall to them the long chain of empire that binds us to the dear old mother country. On behalf of the public schools of Victoria allow me again to thank you for your kindness, and to hope that you will long hold that position which you so honorably occupy and which we are sure you will continue to fill as ably in the future as in the past. (Applause.)

His Excellency, on Col. Baker resuming his seat, again came forward.

Your Honor, Col. Baker and friends, said he, we are very grateful for these kindly words regarding our visit here to-day from Col. Baker, and I can assure you that we feel on our part that thanks are due from us to Col. Baker and to the board of education and to the superintendent of education, and to those who have organized and arranged this great gathering, which we certainly shall remember with peculiar pleasure. I may say that one feature of interest which distinguished this occasion is that it is the first since we arrived in Canada officially on which Lady Aberdeen has been induced to address an assembled gathering of children of this kind. (Applause.) Colonel Baker was good enough to say that we would not altogether forget the occasion and some of the words which have been said, but it may assist you to have an occasional recollection of it if I shall now announce there are two silver medals given for competition, one for the various schools of the city and another for the high school, where of course a number of the pupils who have been at the various public schools continue their education. Therefore I beg to announce that there will be two silver medals presented by myself as long as I am officially in this Dominion. (Great applause.)

His Excellency concluded by calling upon the assemblage to give three rousing, ringing British and British Columbia cheers for Her Majesty the Queen.

The Hon. Col. Baker then announced that the Countess of Aberdeen would address them.

"I am going to give you a good example of obedience," said the Countess, after the cheers which greeted her had subsided, "because I believe everybody here has to do exactly what Colonel Baker tells them, and that is why I obey without any further demur. (Laughter.) But indeed I am very glad to have this opportunity of thanking you for that shower of flowers with which you greeted us when we entered, and in addition, for the lovely baskets which I received. We thank you very much, all of us, and my little girl Marjori also thanks you. It was quite a novel welcome and reminds us that this is indeed a very city of flowers. (Applause.) Well, children, I wonder how many times you have been told you ought to be very thankful that you have been born when you were and that you enjoy all the educational advantages that you have—so different from those which your ancestors had to put up with. You have been told that a good many times, I fancy, and you have come to think that it is one of those things which older people say as a matter of course; and when struggling with a hard sum or difficult lesson you think that you have no reason to be so very thankful for all these educational advantages after all. (Laughter.) And indeed we cannot expect you to realize the great revolution that has taken place in the education of children during the last 20 years—in the education of children in general, but especially in that of girls. And you cannot at all realize what it is to us to stand here and look on all of you assembled here and to wonder what you are going to do with this education and with all these advantages which you are enjoying. What good is this education with which your country is endowing you going to do you? Is it going to help you [illegible] storms of fire, which are so surely before everyone of you, dear children, however little you may think so now? Is it going to help you girls to turn out a generation of women able as no generation before to build up homes, which shall be a blessing to the country? For remember whatever else your education may do its chief value must be in fitting you for woman's chief mission—the building up of home. In some way or another you will have something to do with building up homes, and it is for that that your present education should fit you. It is easy enough to beat the boys in getting prizes and medals,"—and then turning to the boys, "the girls beat you at all the examinations, don't they boys?" (Laughter and a chorus of "No's.") "But what we want is something more than that you should come out first in your classes. It is that you should be fitted for the great mission that lies before you. Your country is not sending you to school to learn just so much geography, history or arithmetic, but also to acquire that knowledge of life, that training, that power of self-control and application which will enable you to serve your day and generation. She expects you to give her a life of service [illegible] fessions, your homes. Your country expects great things of you, and we are glad to be here to give you our best wishes that you may be enabled to take full advantage of all the opportunities which you have now. And if we want to know whether you are going to be able to do this great service expected of you how shall we look for the signs? Shall we not look for them in ascertaining whether the children of this generation are doing the service expected of them as children? We forget very often that children have a special mission of their own—we talk as if it was for the future only for which they were being prepared and trained, whereas they have a great mission themselves at the present time which only children can perform. You know that young people go into life generally with high hopes,—thinking that everything is going to prosper and go well with them, and cherishing very often high ideals of what they may be able to accomplish; but as time goes on there comes worries and difficulties, and things no longer seem so easy, and people are apt to drift into doing and thinking like everyone else, taking a less standard; then it is that the mission of the children comes in—God sends children into our homes to do what only children can, bring sunshine into those homes, to restore our faith in God and man and make us feel that there is something worth living for in trying to make the world better for these children. But then, children must be real children, their bright mission can only be accomplished by bright, natural, modest, childlike children. (Applause.) When we go along the streets and stop to watch some children playing—playing fairly, and being kind to the little ones—going with all their hearts into the game, it makes you feel ever so much better. But if we see them rough, and playing unfairly, you come away feeling sad. If we go into a home and see the children doing all they can to please their father and mother, on the alert to be of any little use they can—ready to give a bright smile and a pleasant, respectful answer to anyone who may speak to them—it does us all good to see children [illegible] you will send us all away with cheery hearts. (Applause.) You are doing more than that now—you will make us think that the teachers are teachers who know how to train the children. meet such children, whether in their homes or on the street, and they greet you with a bright smile and a courteous salutation, it makes you feel the world a bright place. And if you go into a school and see all the children looking bright and neat and tidy, and their books and copy books neat and tidy, paying great attention to what is said, fastening their eyes upon the teacher or whoever may be speaking to them, you feel a great hope for the future and come away with your heart cheered. And the same thing applies as regards church. Children can be of great use or a great trouble in a church—I will say this although I see His Lordship the Bishop is here. (A laugh.) A child who is inattentive in church sometimes upsets a great many of the congregation, whereas a child who tries hard to follow the service can be a real help even sometimes to the preacher. You see you have a great mission to perform now in filling your homes, your schools, wherever you are with sunshine. The sunshine of gentle, kindly, bright, obedient children will, with your good behavior, enable you to send us away cheered, because in spite of having had to wait here for some time in an uncom-

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a disfiguring rash by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 267 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

HURRAH!
ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI
Is the best thing in the world for Athletes.
It allays thirst and invigorates the system.
Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you

FINAL NOTICE.

Re Estate William H. Paine, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of December, next; and notice is hereby given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have [illegible]

Dated at Victoria this 5th day of November, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street.
Solicitor for John Graham Cox, the executor.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Bowness, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, bearing date the 5th day of October, A.D. 1894, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of Thomas Bowness, late of the city of Victoria, deceased intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 5th day of November, A.D. 1894, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

oct8-1mo

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th day of January, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C., as No. 14,547 B in Charge Book vol. II, fol. 881, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than noon on the 16th of November, 1894, for the purchase of sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of the easterly 50 acres of section 9, and the easterly 75 acres of section 10 in range 4, Comiaken District in Vancouver Island, continuing in all 825 acres more or less.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated October 15th, 1894.

LINDLEY CREASE,
16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C.,
Solicitor for the Mortgagee. o16-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. o31-1m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the Matter of the Winding Up Act and Amending Acts; and in the Matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited.

The time for settling the list of contributories and adjudicating upon the claims of creditors of the company has been enlarged to Friday, 9th November, 1894, at 11 a.m., and the place appointed is Mr. Justice Crease's chambers at the law courts, Victoria.

Dated 2nd November, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Liquidator. nov2-1w

HOTELS, ETC.

NOTICE.

The Hotel Victoria

Now being under the management of Mr. E. Escalet, is being conducted on strictly first-class principles. Everything being in first-class style, especial attention is paid to the cuisine. Every delicacy of the season will be supplied, while the stock of Wines is of the finest French Vintage.

OYSTERS!

—AT THE—

LOUISVILLE OYSTER HOUSE,
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.
Recently Opened. First Class Style. Day & Night

TRANSPORTATION.

My Annual Importation of
DUTCH BULBS
Have arrived from Holland, and are very fine.
Also very fine Lawn Grass Seed.
This year's crop.
WM. DODDS, Florist and Seedsman
[illegible]

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

(Applause.) Before I sit down, children, I want to say one thing more, and that is to give you a message from my little girl. We want to tell you that we are very, very pleased to have received some letters from some children in Vancouver Island addressed to a small boy called "Wee Willie Winkle." We are very pleased to know that he has penetrated so far west, and we should like to get some more letters not only from children in Victoria but throughout this island generally, telling us about their homes and their pets and all their doings, and trying to win some of our competitions. If you would like, I will send you copies of "Wee Willie Winkle" to your schools in case any more of you wish to write to it. His Excellency, you know, is proprietor of that magazine, and when we receive the competition papers we very often call in the proprietor to help us judge, but sometimes we don't because we know he is inclined to be too generous and give too many prizes, but at all events it enables him to see these letters and to understand something about the home life of the children throughout the Dominion, which is very pleasant. So we hope you will send us some more letters addressed to "Wee Willie, Winkle, Government House, Ottawa." Thank you, children, for having listened so attentively, and mind you remember to be the true sunbeams of Victoria. (Applause.)

ALEXANDRIA LADIES' CLUB.

After the school children's reception yesterday afternoon, Lady Aberdeen attended the opening of Alexandra Ladies' Club, the first of the kind to be organized in the city. The club has secured rooms over the Province office on Broad street and have had them very comfortably furnished. There is accommodation for reading, correspondence, resting and light refreshments. This will be a great convenience to the members, who will be able to drop in at the club during their visits to the business portions of the city. Countess Aberdeen spent a short time with the ladies yesterday afternoon, refreshments being served. The officers of the club are: Mrs. Dewdney, president; Miss Perrin, treasurer; Miss Day and Miss Allison, joint secretaries.

The governor-general, hearing of Mr. Scaife's historical chart, stepped into the sanctum of the editor of the Province to examine it. He spent a quarter of an hour in doing so, and was much pleased with the result of the author's patient labors. The chart is simply a great map on which the history of England, from the days of the Conqueror down to the present time, is accurately outlined, and in such a way as to impress the eye as well as the ear, of the student, thus more indelibly imprinting the story upon the memory. Persistent application and accuracy of the author are at once apparent. His lordship complimented Mr. Scaife very heartily before leaving.

The members of the club presented Lady Aberdeen with the following address:

To Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen:

We, the members of the "Alexandra Club," Victoria, have the honor to present Your Excellency with this address of Welcome on your arrival in our city.

We sincerely appreciate the favor you have conferred upon us by consenting to open our club to-day, and we beg to assure you of our admiration and esteem for your zeal in, and devotion to the cause of Right and Worth, especially in connection with woman and woman's work.

We hope that your visit to this city may be a very happy one and that your work in this Dominion may be abundantly blessed.

Signed on behalf of the members.

Jessie T. Dewdney, president; Mary Croft, Mary Higgins, E. W. Pooley, Edith G. Perrin, Lilla Day, Hon. Sec.; S. Louisa Allison, Hon. Sec.

Countess Aberdeen replied as follows:

Mrs. Dewdney, I congratulate the ladies of Victoria on their enterprise in starting this club, the first of its kind in the Dominion. Such clubs are of recent growth even in London, though there are several now flourishing.

I can sympathize with your efforts as we tried to form a club very much on the lines you are now laying down in our northern town of Aberdeen. But I am sure all the members of the Aberdeen club would be very envious of the rooms with which you are now starting. But you have a further object apart from the conveniences afforded by such rooms for ladies shopping or in town from the country and this is shown by your magazines and by your object of having a library. You aim in fact at enabling the women of this place at a small cost to themselves, to keep in touch with all the thought and life of the world—to cultivate a taste for reading—in a word, to promote true culture amongst them and thereby to promote cultured homes. For the influence of this club must react on the homes. Too often the women of a community become cramped in their views of life by the practical impossibility of having any command of the literature of the day. There is the daily paper—but as for magazines they are a needless luxury—the gentlemen can see them at their clubs, that is all that is necessary. There may be no circulating library and any books that are worth reading are dear to buy, and so the ladies of the family resign themselves to the inevitable, but in so doing their homes must necessarily lack the variety, the breadth of view, the general knowledge of the world, and the influence which this brings on our own minds, conduct and on that of our children, so as a consequence, not only the home but the community, the country at large is the poorer for this condition of things. So, again, Mrs. Dewdney and ladies, let me congratulate you and offer you my best wishes. May I also express the hope that the representative ladies who are here to-day will take an interest in the Women's Local Council which is about to be formed here. It is an organization founded on the widest basis which seeks to make a link between all women workers without respect to creed or class and it exists in favor of no one propaganda. I believe it contains many possibilities for good if it is moulded by the wisest and most experienced women in each place. I trust that the ladies here may be able to be present at the meeting on Thursday. Once more let me thank you, Mrs. Dewdney, for this very kind welcome and let me say what pleasure it gives me to declare the Alexandra Club open.

THE CONCERT.

A thoroughly Scottish concert was that given at the Victoria theatre last evening by the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society, in honor of the visit of the Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen. Every seat in the house was occupied long before the concert commenced, the guests of the evening being unavoidably delayed. They arrived, however, about 9 o'clock and were escorted to their box by Robert Irving, president of the society, the audience rising and singing "God save the Queen." The Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, the Mayor and Mrs. Teague and many other distinguished citizens were present. The concert deserved the large attendance, the artists and their rendering of the various numbers being first class in every way. The first number on the programme was a part song, "Hail to the Chief," by Madame Laird, Mrs. Rowlands, Mr. Wolff and Mr. J. G. Brown. It received well-merited applause. The dancing of the sailors' hornpipe and the Highland fling by Mr. W. Anderson, the Highland fling by Miss and Master Mackenzie, and the sword dance by Miss Strachan, afforded a pleasant variety in the programme. Mr. Anderson's dancing was splendid as was that of the three younger dancers, each being recalled. Mr. Clement Rowlands sang the "Battle of Sterling" and "Best of All," both in good voice. Madame Laird's "The Flowers of the Forest," and "Sing Sweet Bird," were very acceptably rendered and fully appreciated. "Auld Robin Gray," "The Blue Bells of Scotland" and "Fantasie," violin solos by Mr. Ernest Wolff, L. C. M., were each encored. This talented musician becomes more popular after each performance, his playing being far above the average. Mrs. Rowlands received an encore for her singing of "Angus Macdonald," and replied with "Daddy," both being well suited to her pleasing and well-trained voice. Later in the evening she sang "We'd Better Bide a Wee." "The Laird o' Cockpen" by Mr. J. G. Brown, was splendidly sung and received an encore. Mr. Brown responding with "The Old Pair of Taws." He also sang "The Auld Scotch Sangs." The part song "All Among the Barley," by Madame Laird, Mrs. Rowlands, Mr. Rowlands and Mr. Wolff, was one of the most pleasing pieces on the programme and was remarkably well rendered. Mrs. Rowlands and Mr. Brown received an encore for the duet "The Crookit Bawbee." The singing of "Auld Lang Syne" by the company brought to a close a very pleasant and successful concert, for which the public is indebted to the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society and Mr. J. G. Brown, under whose management the concert was held. Mr. Wolff and Miss Leech acted as accompanists.

SPEND A QUIET DAY.

This has been one of the viceregal party's quiet days, they having been in need of rest after yesterday. The Governor-General spent all morning in attending to his correspondence and other business. At 3.30 they visited St. Ann's convent, and from there they went to the provincial museum. This evening there is the dinner and evening party at Government House, for which a large number of invitations have been issued.

TO-MORROW'S ARRANGEMENTS.

Duncan's and vicinity will be honored by a visit from the distinguished party to-morrow. They will leave here at 12.15 p.m. on a special train placed at their disposal by the E. & N. Railway company. Some time will be spent in the district, the party returning to Victoria in time for the evening party at the drill hall. At Duncan's they will be presented with an address and be entertained by the citizens.

CITIZENS' EVENING PARTY.

To-morrow evening the citizens of Victoria will tender their excellencies the Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen an "Evening Party" at the drill hall. The hall is beautifully decorated and a dancing floor will be laid over the main portion of the building, viz., 120x60 feet. A good substantial supper will be provided in a supper room 75x30. The officers' rooms will be used as ladies' dressing rooms, and the other apartments will be fitted up for sitting-out rooms, card and smoking rooms. The gentlemen's dressing rooms will be down stairs. The band of the B. C. B. G. A. will furnish the dance music during the evening. The tickets have been placed at such a reasonable figure, $2.50 for a gentleman and $1 for a lady, that all can attend. Owing to the death of the Czar of Russia their excellencies are unable to attend a regular ball, but sooner than disappoint the people now that the preparations have advanced so far, they have kindly consented to be present at the "Evening Party." Let everyone that can possibly do so buy a ticket and give a welcome to our governor-general and his lady that shall be worthy of the capital of British Columbia, and keep up the well known names of Victorians for generous hospitality. In another column will be found the advertisement showing where tickets can be obtained.

NOTES OF THE VISIT.

William Campbell, the Governor-General's private secretary, has occupied a similar position for all the governor-generals since Lord Dufferin's term. The members of the press are indebted to him for many favors, as he is at all times ready to afford them what information and assistance he can.

The party leave on Friday morning for Nanaimo and Wellington, arriving at the latter place at 12.20 p.m., and leaving for Vancouver at 3 o'clock. They will probably visit the mines and other points of interest.

The thanks of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian society are due to Captain John Irving for his kindness in lending plants, flags and bunting for the decoration of the stage at the theatre last night.

AT DUNCAN'S.

Preparations are being made at Duncan's to receive the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen. They will be presented with a joint address, consisting of all the societies, and will likely be received by the reeve and escorted to the agricultural hall, headed by the Kuper island brass band, and presented with an address of welcome.

IS THIS BRIBERY?

Marcus Daly's Scheme to Make Anaconda Montana's Capital.

Anaconda, Mont., Nov. 6.—Marcus Daly says that as surely as the sun rises this morning will Anaconda be chosen as the future capital of Montana. "The people of Anaconda," says Mr. Daly, "have worked unceasingly for this for months, and we feel that victory will be with us." The people of Anaconda, however, will ascribe their success to Mr. Daly and his methods of campaigning and his boundless wealth as much as to any organized work performed by the community. As a whole Mr. Daly's most novel scheme is the issuance of thousands of pieces of scrip, which have been scattered broadcast throughout the state. The scrip is saleable at $1, and bears the guarantee of Anaconda and Helena banks that in case Anaconda be chosen the capital of Montana the scrip will be redeemed at $50 each. They have sold like hot cakes, and it is believed that their influence on the vote will secure the coveted capital prize for this city. It is estimated that it will cost Mr. Daly $1,500,000 to redeem this scrip.

FLORIDA REEFS.

The Most Dangerous Part of the U.S. Coast.

The most dangerous part of the coast of the United States extends from the southernmost cape of the peninsula of Florida to the Island of Dry Tortugas, lying in the Gulf of Mexico, 62 miles from Key West. For a distance of 200 miles the coast line is here made up by a semi-circular chain of islands, along whose seaward edge lie the sunken reefs of Florida. These reefs are of coral formation, and are washed by the warm water of the Gulf Stream as it floats through the straits on its way northward. This river in the ocean, flowing always in one direction, with an average velocity of two miles an hour, produces numerous strong counter-currents and indraughts over the reefs and along shore. Threatening tide-rips, eddies and whirlpools, are continually set going, which tend to baffle the ever-cautious mariner and carry his ship to certain destruction.

Cape Hatteras, with its fickle currents and shifting bars, so dreadful to the mariner, has been the scene of many shipwrecks, but the number is small when compared to those which have met their fate in the Gulf Stream and beyond the pale of assistance. Hundreds of vessels daily pass through the Florida straits on their way to foreign ports and those which are located on the shore of the Gulf, and in order to avoid the adverse currents vessels skirt long arid reef, with its succession of varied dangers, menacingly paving the way like teeth in a shark's jaw.

However uncertain the navigator of the water adjacent to these reefs may be by day, it becomes tenfold more hazardous by night. Notwithstanding the fact that a chain of lights on the desolate reefs cast a ruddy glare to the mariner on the sea, yet "plain sailing" is out of the question, for the beacons are at an average distance of 25 miles apart, and all other day marks being hidden by the darkness of night the navigator feels his way with only the compass and deep sea lead to guide him. The consciousness that a slight divergence from the proper course may lead to disaster keeps him on the pins and needles of anxiety. Ships have run upon those coral strands in broad daylight owing to strong indraughts, and it is by no means an uncommon occurrence to find at daybreak several vessels which had lost their reckoning in the night lying high and dry on the rocks.—Blue and Gray.

—Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

REMEMBER
The Assignee Sale of SIMPSON'S STOCK
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HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.
Builders' Hardware,
Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights and Roofing.
I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

BOOTH'S TOUR.

General of the Salvation Army Arrives in Washington.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—General William Booth, founder of the Salvation Army, arrived here yesterday, enthusiastic over the success of the Philadelphia celebration. He declares that the sum thus far realized by his lectures surpassed the expectations of both himself and the leaders of the Salvation Army on this side of the water. The general will remain in Washington two days, during which time he will conduct a number of meetings at the Army barracks and deliver his lectures on "Christianity" and "The Social Scheme."

PERSONAL.

S. A. Rogers, M.P.P., is down from Cariboo.

Hon. Theo. and Mrs. Davie returned from Ottawa last night.

H. H. Dearborn, banker and capitalist, of Seattle, is at the Driard.

Harry Witt, of San Francisco, registered at the Driard last evening.

Hon. Geo. B. Martin, chief commissioner of lands and works, is in the city.

Harry Barnard has gone to New Westminster to assist in the crown prosecutions at the assizes.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—W W Mitchell, H Witt, F L Stinson, G Watson, F L Bouge, Nicholas Eptima, Rev C J Brenton, James Brennin.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Perry & Turner, Langley & Co, John Wilson & Co, J & A Clearihue, S N Hartman, Geo McRae, W R Roberts, Berlin Port Co.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Gold
Silver
and
Nickle
Watches
at
Rock
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Davidson
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YOU SHOULD BUY IT
YOU SHOULD TRY IT
IT WILL PLEASE YOU
IT WILL PLEASE YOU
TAMILKANDE TEA
40c. 50c. 60c.
SIMON LEISER & CO., Agents.

EVERY INDUCEMENT
Is used to make people with no appetite eat heartily. This week we have just got in
METWURST AND SALARMI SAUSAGES.
California Cream Cheese.
Erskine, Wall & Co.

Fall and Winter Suits
$25.00
—AT—
CAMPBELL & CO'S,
The Leading Victoria Tailors,
23 Government Street.

Just arrived, first car of new season's curing Griffin's Celebrated Winnipeg Meats.
EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE.
13 & 14 City Market, opposite Broad St. Also, fifty small tubs Fall Creamery and Choice Dairy Butter. oct25-1mo

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.